EXPLORE • ENGAGE • EXCEL
AN INTRODUCTION TO ACADEMICS AT DARTMOUTH COLLEGE
In order to fully experience the academic opportunities at Dartmouth, you need to know the academic benchmarks that are required of you and how to navigate the curriculum. EXPLORE, ENGAGE, EXCEL is a critical first step in your journey.

Exploration will be a recurrent theme throughout this guide and throughout your relationships with advisors and mentors. The Undergraduate Deans Office expects that you will use this guide for the entirety of your first year at Dartmouth; the advising it offers and the description of courses will remain invaluable.

Advisors and mentors will keep asking you questions, such as:

• Why are you interested in that course?
• Why are you not interested in this other course?
• Where do you see opportunities to explore your creative side?
• What course would allow you to experience a previously unexplored academic discipline?

Don’t worry if you don’t know all the answers to these and other questions. There are tremendous resources at Dartmouth to support and encourage your exploration and discovery. The offices in Student Academic Support Services (see column to the right), in conjunction with your faculty advisor, will offer assistance and guidance at every step along the way.

Watch for questions and prompts on many of the following pages, and then do what they instruct: ask yourself questions, push yourself to reflect, look at the course offerings with a thoughtful and inquisitive eye, and allow yourself to be energized with possibilities.

We know that many transitions bring uncertainty, and transitioning from secondary school to college is no exception. Allow EXPLORE, ENGAGE, EXCEL to serve as your first resource, and know that there are many other resources available to you this summer and when you arrive at Dartmouth.

Let us now introduce you to YOUR ADVISING NETWORK. As you begin to work with your advising network, it is important that you understand what advising can offer, who will form your advising team, and how you can best utilize these important resources.

With a warm welcome,
The Undergraduate Deans Office
Accessing Advising

**FACULTY**
- Each first-year student is assigned a faculty academic advisor, as well as the House Professor and affiliated faculty within your House Community.
- You will meet with your faculty advisor to elect courses, and discuss schedules and issues of an academic nature.
- When you declare a major, a major advisor from that academic department will help you shape your course of study within your chosen field.

**PEER ADVISORS**

**DOSCS (DEANS OFFICE STUDENT CONSULTANTS)**
- Through interactions with individual students, DOSCS provide informal mentorship and preliminary advising information.
- Students who need further assistance are referred to appropriate offices for more in-depth advising.

**OTHER FACULTY, ADMINISTRATORS, AND PEERS**
- Students are encouraged to assume increasing responsibility for cultivating advising relationships during their time at Dartmouth.
- This includes expanding their network of advisors, proactively seeking desired resources, considering their own needs and goals, and balancing multiple sources of advising.

**How do I take full advantage of advising?**

You have a role to play in making your advising relationship successful. Academic advising works best when a student takes the initiative to seek guidance and maintains ongoing advising relationships. In order to make the best possible decisions for your academic career, you should be proactive, think critically about the information you receive, and invest time in meeting with your advisors regularly.

Your advisors want to help you make sense of all that Dartmouth has to offer, but need your full engagement in the process. This guide is designed to provide you with the information you need right now and throughout the summer. If you feel overwhelmed by the process or the choices ahead of you, come back to this guide and—in particular—the timeline to the right.

**Remember:** When you invest time and energy in developing meaningful advising relationships, you position yourself to make highly informed choices while at Dartmouth, and to develop valuable relationships with advisors that may enrich your life for years to come.

It’s time to begin! This guide is the first of several interactions we will have with you this summer. Watch for advising emails about exploring the curriculum, preparing for the meeting with your faculty advisor, and course election.

**YOUR TO DO LIST:**
1. Grab Post-its, highlighters, and a big pad of paper.
2. Find a comfortable place to sit, then take your time and really read this guide.
3. Imagine, be curious, don’t limit yourself, and EXPLORE.
4. Utilize the worksheet on page 38 to organize your thoughts and discoveries.

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**COURSE EXPLORATION AND TRANSITION TO COLLEGE TIMELINE**

**THIS PART OF YOUR JOURNEY IS ALL ABOUT EXPLORATION.**

**EARLY JULY**
- Explore this guide from cover to cover immediately upon receipt.
- Begin the worksheet on page 38.

**MID-SUMMER**
- Read emails from New Student Orientation and the Undergraduate Deans Office.
- Deeply explore academic department and program websites—dig around!

**YOU ARE EXPECTED TO ENGAGE IN NEW STUDENT ORIENTATION WITH CLARITY AND PURPOSE**

**LATE SUMMER**
- Participate in video advising chats (registration link will arrive by email from the Undergraduate Deans Office).
- Complete the Advising Questionnaire in BannerStudent.
- You are not expected to arrive at Dartmouth with all of your courses chosen. Don’t rush the decision-making process. Take your time!

**NEW STUDENT ORIENTATION**
- Attend academic and curricular programming which will inform course election.
- You will continue to explore the interests you’ve discovered in this guide by:
  - talking with your faculty advisor, undergraduate dean, and faculty;
  - participating in academic and curricular programming;
  - and attending as many academic department and program Open Houses as possible.

**COURSE ELECTION**
- All students elect courses on Friday, September 8.
- You will meet with your Faculty Advisor as part of course election.
- You can also meet with an Undergraduate Dean.
- Your Undergraduate Dean will send emails with essential and timely information.

**CLASSES BEGIN**
- Monday, September 11
Academic Curriculum and Opportunities

Dartmouth College educates the most promising students and prepares them for a lifetime of learning and of responsible leadership, through a faculty dedicated to teaching and the creation of knowledge.

Dartmouth’s current curriculum was established by the faculty out of the desire to reflect contemporary changes in the many areas of human knowledge and to prepare students for citizenship in a complex world. In the Recommended Courses for First-Year Students section of this guide, we have included descriptions of those courses most frequently taken by first-year students in the fall term.

A complete inventory of course offerings and academic regulations may be found in the College bulletin entitled Organization, Regulations, and Courses (ORC). It is published each fall and is available online at www.dartmouth.edu/~reg/catalog. First-year students elect fall term courses during Orientation. To assist in electing courses, students meet with a faculty advisor; undergraduate deans, department and program chairs, and individual professors are also available for consultation. Important academic and curricular information in the following sections will guide you as you make your preliminary plans.

Academic Curriculum

THE IMPORTANCE OF ACADEMIC INTEGRITY
The integrity that you bring to your academic work contributes to your own learning, protects against one person taking unfair advantage over other students, promotes trust among students and with your faculty, and appropriately credits the work of scholars who have paved the way for you. In general, the Academic Honor Principle prohibits: plagiarism; giving or receiving assistance on examinations or quizzes; submitting the same work in more than one course; and unauthorized collaboration.

A student who violates the Academic Honor Principle, regardless of their intent, should expect to be suspended from the College for a period of time.

You will be asked as part of the pre-arrival process to review and download a document titled Sources and Citations at Dartmouth College, which provides in-depth information about the Academic Honor Principle (http://writing-speech.dartmouth.edu/learning/materials/sources-and-citations-dartmouth). In each of your courses, we encourage you to ask about the Honor Principle if your professor has not already introduced the conversation.

REQUIRED FOR THE BACHELOR’S DEGREE
Students should refer to the Organization, Regulations and Courses bulletin, known as the ORC, for a full description of all the requirements for the degree. In general, enrolled students take three courses per term for twelve terms. To earn the bachelor’s degree, a student must complete a major, and receive credit for 35 courses, no more than eight of which may be passed with the grade of D. Students are also required to complete the first-year writing requirement, a first-year seminar, a foreign language requirement, distributive requirements that reflect the breadth of a liberal arts education, three world culture courses, three physical education credits, and a swim test.

It is the student’s responsibility to ensure that he or she has met all requirements. DartWorks, an individualized online degree audit tool available at all times, assists students in keeping track of progress towards a degree.

LIBERAL ARTS CURRICULUM
Dartmouth’s liberal arts curriculum lets you explore big ideas and pursue your particular passions. It is about BREADTH: a liberally educated person is one who has been exposed to a wide range of fields and insights. It also features DEPTH: students are required to complete some concentrated course of study in which they will display deep knowledge and mastery. At Dartmouth, you will engage with culture, creativity, compassion, and critical thinking as you explore the many courses available to you.

Through a liberal arts curriculum, we hope that Dartmouth students begin a lifetime quest—an intellectual journey—that prepares them for the challenges and opportunities of the twenty-first century.

FIRST-YEAR WRITING REQUIREMENT
All first-year students are required to fulfill Dartmouth’s first-year writing requirement. Most first-year students take Writing 5 (or its two-term equivalent, Writing 2-3) and a First-year Seminar to fulfill this writing requirement. Another way of fulfilling the first-year writing requirement is to take Humanities 1-2, an interdisciplinary two-term course for first-year students offered only in fall and winter terms. Students interested in applying for Humanities 1–2 must contact the Humanities Department at least one month before the summer prior to registering for fall term. For details, see www.dartmouth.edu/~hums1-2.

Through the first-year writing courses, the College offers entering students a valuable opportunity to develop the thinking, research, writing, and presentation abilities that characterize intellectual work in the academy and in educated public discourse.

Writing 5 focuses on the writing process, emphasizing careful analysis, thoughtful questions, and strategies for effective argument. Students...
take Writing 5 are assigned to take the course either in the fall or winter; this assignment cannot be changed.

Writing 2-3 is a two-term course that provides more intensive guidance through the reading, writing, and research processes, including individual support from teaching assistants and a culminating research project. Students likely to benefit from more support in these areas are asked to complete an online placement process during the summer. They are then given a recommendation for placement in Writing 2-3 or Writing 5. Writing 2-3 is taken in lieu of Writing 5. Writing 2-3 is offered in fall and winter terms only, and students must complete both terms and a First-year Seminar in order to satisfy the first-year writing requirement.

First-year Seminars offer every first-year student an opportunity to participate in a course structured around intensive writing, independent research, small group discussion, and reading across the disciplines. You should keep in mind three scheduling guidelines:

1) Writing 5 (or Writing 2-3) is a prerequisite for enrollment in a First-year Seminar.
2) The First-year Seminar must be taken during the first year, in the term immediately following completion of Writing 5 (or Writing 2-3).
3) A student is not eligible to take part in an off-campus program until the First-year Seminar requirement is fulfilled.

For more information about the first-year writing requirement and placement and enrollment policies for Writing 2-3, Writing 5, and First-year Seminar, visit: http://writing-speech.dartmouth.edu/curriculum/placement-and-enrollment-policies.

FOREIGN LANGUAGE REQUIREMENT (COURSES NUMBERED 1, 2, AND 3)
The foreign language requirement follows from the conviction that mastery of another language unlocks a new world of people, cultures, and ideas. A student must complete this requirement before the end of the seventh term unless exempted on the basis of College Entrance Examination Board (CEEB) scores or by a Dartmouth placement exam. Where no department or program exists to determine a student’s fluency in a language, Associate Professor of Linguistics and Cognitive Sciences David Peterson will determine fluency. Introductory language courses do not fulfill Distributive or World Culture Requirements.

DISTRIBUTIVE REQUIREMENT (“DIST”)
Dartmouth’s requirement of Distributive courses allows you to broadly explore several fields and gain new perspectives. Both the Distributive Requirement and the World Culture Requirement allow for discovery and encourage exposure to new interests.

Each student must take courses in each of the following areas:
• one in Arts: creation, performance, history, or criticism (ART)
• one in Literature: the history, criticism, or theory of texts (LIT)
• one in Systems and Traditions of Thought, Meaning, and Value (TMV)
• one in International or Comparative Study (INT)
• two in Social Analysis (SOC)
• one in Quantitative and Deductive Sciences (QDS)
• two in the Natural Sciences; without/with laboratory (SCI/SLA)*
• one in Technology or Applied Science; without/with laboratory (TAS/TLA)*

* One of the courses taken in SCI/SLA and TAS/TLA must have a laboratory, experimental, or field component.

WORLD CULTURE REQUIREMENT (“WCULT”)
As with “Distributives,” the World Culture Requirement supports the belief that a liberally educated person is one who has been exposed to a wide range of fields and insights.

Each student must take at least one course in each of the following cultural areas:
1) Western Cultures (W)
2) Non-Western Cultures (NW)
3) Culture and Identity (CI)

All undergraduate courses other than Writing 2, 3, and 5 and language courses used to fulfill the foreign language requirement may potentially satisfy a Distributive Requirement. Such a course may also satisfy one of the World Culture Requirements. For example, a course in 19th-century British fiction might satisfy both the literature requirement under the Distributive category and the western cultures requirement under World Culture.

It is thus possible, by careful selection of courses which satisfy requirements in multiple categories, to complete both the Distributive and World Culture Requirements with ten courses. These may also overlap with major requirements. The online course catalog (ORC) helps students to plan, and the termly Timetable of Class Meetings provides up-to-date information as to which courses are being offered and which satisfy Distributive and World Culture categories.

Distributive and World Culture Requirements cannot be fulfilled with pre-matriculation credit. Courses satisfying Distributive and World Culture Requirements must be passed with a regular letter grade.

MAJOR
A major assures that when you graduate from Dartmouth you will have gained mastery in the method and substance of a single area of academic inquiry. Ideally, the area of major study provides a path for intellectual exploration and the satisfaction of becoming proficient at a high level in your area of interest.

A student must successfully complete a major program, which usually consists of eight to ten courses in the major subject in addition to those courses prerequisite to the major, and other requirements specified by the department or program. Students may also declare modified or special majors that involve more than one academic department or program. Students must declare a major by the end of their fifth term in residence, or immediately thereafter, depending upon a student’s enrollment pattern.

First-year students thinking of majoring in biology, chemistry, earth sciences, engineering sciences, mathematics, or physics are encouraged to elect Math 3 or the sequence of Math 1 and Math 2, starting in their first term.
Academic Opportunities

PHYSICAL EDUCATION (PE)
All students are required to satisfactorily complete three credits of physical education by graduation. To receive credit for these courses/activities, students must register in advance on BannerStudent. You can fulfill this requirement in many ways. PE courses include yoga, zumba, DartFit, modern dance, ballroom dance, tennis, golf, racquetball, squash, swimming, kickbox aerobics, TaeKwonDo, spinning, fencing, table tennis, meditation and relaxation, and weight training, plus skiing and snowboarding in the winter and sailing in the summer. The three PE credits may be fulfilled by participating in varsity and club sports, some dance groups, and many Outdoor Programs Office activities. These courses are Pass/No Pass and are in addition to the 35 credits you need to graduate. Students must also complete a 50-yard swim. www.dartmouthrec.com.

FIRST-YEAR RESIDENCY REQUIREMENT
All first-year students are required to be in residence for all three terms of the first year, after which they may choose leave terms or apply for off-campus programs as part of their enrollment pattern (D-Plan).

ENROLLMENT PATTERN: THE “D-PLAN”
Dartmouth’s academic calendar consists of four terms that roughly correspond with the seasons. A year-round academic calendar challenges you to define personal educational goals and provides considerable opportunity to shape your educational program. Credit for 35 courses is a requirement for the Bachelor of Arts degree. Students normally take three courses each term, are enrolled for a total of 12 terms, and take three leave terms.

Students are required to be in residence in Hanover in the fall, winter, and spring of their first and senior years. In addition, members of the sophomore class are required to be in residence the summer term between their sophomore spring and junior fall. Other than these required residence terms, students will need to construct an enrollment pattern that takes into account intended major or minor subjects, off-campus study, exchange programs, internships, extracurricular activities, and preferred spacing of vacations. International students need to consider their particular visa status requirements when constructing their D-Plan and should consult with the Office of Visa and Immigration Services (OVIS) to ensure that their D-Plan conforms to immigration regulations. Find more information in the FERPA section of the Student Handbook (online).

G R A D E  R E P O R T S
For the first-year fall term only, parents also receive a copy of the grade report so that they may be better informed of their student’s academic adjustment to college life and provide support or assistance as necessary. Thereafter, the Undergraduate Deans Office considers its relationship with students to be confidential. This implies the need for good communication between students and parents about grades and other important matters.

In most courses letter grades are assigned on a 4.0 scale, with an A equal to a 4.0, indicating excellence and F equal to 0 or failure (there is no grade of F at Dartmouth). Grades reported on the official transcript include the median grade given in the class as well as the class enrollment. Students who make particularly favorable impressions on faculty may receive a citation for meritorious performance.

Instructors can submit progress reports for students who are experiencing academic difficulty. Since not all instructors submit reports, students are always advised to consult with instructors if they have questions about their standing in their courses.

STUDENT RECORDS POLICY
The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) affords students certain rights with respect to their education records. Please find more information in the FERPA section of the Student Handbook (online).

OFF-CAMPUS PROGRAMS (OCP)
The Frank J. Guarini Institute for International Education (603) 646-1202 www.dartmouth.edu/~ocp

Off-campus programs are an important extension of the regular Dartmouth curriculum, offering undergraduate students safe, rigorous, learning experiences that promote disciplinary scholarship, foreign language acquisition, cross-cultural competence, and reflection in a global context. A distinguishing feature of Dartmouth’s model is strong faculty involvement that leads to the development of meaningful relationships and mentoring between students and program directors. Consistently, over fifty percent of Dartmouth undergraduate students participate in one or more Language Study Abroad (LSA) programs, Foreign Study Programs (FSP), or Domestic Study Programs (DSP) before they graduate. Students returning to campus after participating in a program often speak of experiences that were rich — academically and culturally — as well as life changing.

At present, the College offers more than forty different off-campus programs and thirty exchange program options. For more information on foreign and domestic study programs, please visit the Frank J. Guarini Institute for International Education website: www.dartmouth.edu/~ocp.

LANGUAGE STUDY ABROAD (LSA)
Dartmouth College requires proficiency in a foreign language and offers unique opportunities for language study (see Foreign Language Requirement on page five). Maintaining programs in multiple countries, Dartmouth’s LSAs are offered in support of the College’s commitment to understanding, and communicating with, people of other cultures. On most LSA programs, undergraduate students live with local families which gives students a personal context and access to the culture as a whole. Studying the language, literature, and civilization reveals historical and contemporary cultural patterns. During New Student Orientation, students consider whether to continue studying a foreign language they learned in the past or begin a new language. With the guidance of a faculty advisor, Dartmouth students can complete their foreign language requirement in a variety of ways:

1) Exemption on entrance: students whose achievement is sufficiently high are not obligated to study a foreign language.

2) Placement in foreign language courses numbered 1, 2, or 3, and completion of the language requirement on campus. This option is open in Arabic, Chinese, French, German, Italian, Japanese, Portuguese, Russian, and Spanish. Students normally complete this sequence in their first year.

3) Language Study Abroad (LSA) in French, German, Italian, and Spanish: A student may choose to satisfy the language requirement through a combination of preparatory courses at Dartmouth and one term of language study abroad in a program where the foreign language course numbered 3 is offered. A majority of students elect to take advantage of Dartmouth’s language programs in foreign countries where they study...
with Dartmouth faculty and local instructors while living with local families. Students enroll in three courses while participating in the program and study language, civilization, and literature during the term. Since enrollments in most programs are limited, not everyone who applies will necessarily have the opportunity to participate.

In addition to LSA programs, many departments also offer Advanced Language Study Abroad (LSA+) programs. The LSA+ is a program designed for students who satisfy the language requirement and are prepared for a more advanced language study abroad experience. Dartmouth’s LSA+ programs are offered in Brazil (Portuguese), China, France, Morocco (Arabic), Italy, Japan, Russia, Peru (Spanish), and Spain.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC STUDY (FSP and DSP)
Dartmouth’s foreign and domestic study programs are designed to expand the curriculum into new areas of significant intellectual discovery and cultural understanding through supervised study and residence in localities unlike Hanover.

In addition to LSA and LSA+ offerings, most foreign language departments have Foreign Study Programs (FSP). FSPs in a language department offer advanced study of a country’s language, literature, and civilization. The principle objective is an in-depth experience of the life and culture of the country through substantive courses as well as social interactions with the local people.

The College also offers a wide array of foreign and domestic study programs conducted primarily in the English language. These programs are designed to take advantage of resources unique to the host country or off-campus location in the United States. Like their language-counterparts, these programs offer students opportunities to study other cultures and disciplines in depth as well as gain new perspectives on the United States.

Various departments maintain Foreign Study Programs in Argentina, Austria, Brazil, the Caribbean, China, Costa Rica, Czech Republic, France, Germany, Ghana, Greece, India, Ireland, Italy, Morocco, New Zealand, Southern Africa, Spain, and the United Kingdom. While most of these programs are affiliated with a foreign university, some, such as the Biological Sciences program, involve travel and extensive fieldwork.

EXCHANGE PROGRAMS
Dartmouth has several formal exchange programs inviting students to attend another institution and receive course credit (see Transfer Terms). The Twelve College Exchange network includes Amherst, Bowdoin, Connecticut (including the Eugene O’Neill National Theatre Institute), Mount Holyoke, Smith, Trinity, Vassar, Wellesley, Wesleyan, Wheaton, and the Williams Mystic Seaport Program in American Maritime Studies.

Exchange programs also exist with Morehouse College and Spelman College (Atlanta, Georgia); a selected German university through the Federation of German American Clubs; Hebrew University of Jerusalem (Israel); Keio University, Kanda University, and Waseda University (Japan); Keble College at Oxford University and University College London (United Kingdom); University of Copenhagen and Danish Technical University (Denmark); Chulalongkorn University (Thailand); Bocconi University (Italy); The Chinese University of Hong Kong (CUHK); Yonsei University (South Korea); and the Consortium for Advanced Studies Abroad (Cuba).

Dartmouth College encourages interested students to participate in Dartmouth-sponsored study away programs. Details of the sponsored programs, such as Foreign Study Programs (FSP) and Language Study Abroad (LSA), are available on the Guarini Institute website: www.dartmouth.edu/~ocp.

TRANSFER TERMS
Students may transfer up to four credits towards their Dartmouth degree by participating in a sponsored exchange program, or by independently arranging a Transfer Term through a non-Dartmouth sponsored program.

Students apply for exchange programs through The Guarini Institute for International Education. The students who are accepted apply to have their courses approved in the same manner as they would for Transfer Terms. Students apply for Non-Dartmouth Sponsored Programs, or Transfer Terms, through the Registrar’s Office by submitting their application for the specific upcoming term. Please see the Transfer Terms (Non-Dartmouth Study Away) section on the Registrar’s website for more information: www.dartmouth.edu/~reg/enrollment/studyaway/.

Dartmouth students are permitted to apply the maximum of four equivalent credits from non-Dartmouth sponsored programs to their Dartmouth degree. This limit includes any credit transferred to Dartmouth for college coursework completed prior to matriculating as a first-year student. Please see the Transfer Terms (Non-Dartmouth Study Away) section on the Registrar’s website for more information: www.dartmouth.edu/~reg/enrollment/prematriculation_credit.html.

CO-CURRICULAR OPPORTUNITIES
Students are encouraged to take advantage of Dartmouth’s rich variety of co-curricular opportunities. Engaging in these opportunities can provide a sense of community and continuity, and allow you to integrate your learning inside and outside of the classroom.

• House Communities increase student access to faculty in residential spaces, and create opportuni-ties for enhanced social ties and shared experiences in the residential system. Every student has a house membership, regardless of where you live. http://students.dartmouth.edu/residential-life/house-communities/about-housesystem

• Dartmouth has many Centers and Institutes, including the Dartmouth Center for Service, Hood Museum of Art, Hopkins Center for the Arts, Institute for Writing and Rhetoric, John Sloan Dickey Center for International Understanding, Nelson A. Rockefeller Center for Public Policy, and Tucker Center. http://dartmouth.edu/centers-institutes

• The Life and Community tab on Dartmouth’s homepage describes many other opportunities, including the Center for Women and Gender, Collis Center for Student Involvement, and the Office of Pluralism and Leadership. http://dartmouth.edu/life-community
This section provides a brief introduction to Dartmouth’s academic departments, programs, and recommended courses for first-year students.

The following courses include descriptions for selected fall-term courses recommended by each academic department and program. The 2017-2018 version of the course catalog, Organization, Regulations, and Courses (ORC), will be available online in early September.

Course Designations
- The designations F (fall), W (winter), S (spring), and X (summer) indicate the term in which the course is offered.
- Distributive and World Culture codes assigned to each course (see page five for more information) are indicated after the course descriptions.
- Each academic department numbers courses differently. All courses listed in this guide are recommended for first-year students. Pick the courses that interest you, regardless of the number.

Please note: Course listings are subject to change; consult department and program websites for updated information.

The courses in this section do not represent an exhaustive list; please make sure to explore department and program websites, especially if you know that you are interested in that particular discipline.

As you immerse yourself in these intriguing course descriptions, please keep the following “big ideas” in mind:
- You are embarking on a liberal arts education—one that offers a broad understanding of the world with mastery of at least one field; the capacity to think critically and creatively; powerful communication skills; an ease at working in teams; scientific literacy; the ability to engage the arts and humanities; and the development of principled leadership skills.
- Take full advantage of this curriculum, from the very beginning. Let this first exploration of course offerings be the start of the “breadth” of your liberal arts education.
- There is no wrong class—each class that you take will provide an opportunity for growth, exploration, and increased knowledge.
- Expect to be challenged personally, intellectually, and socially. And reach out for support from the many resources on campus, especially the ones introduced in this guide.
- Your job this summer is to explore, reflect, and envision. We hope that you end this period of reflection with confidence and excitement about your transition to Dartmouth.
- We’ll be in touch at several points during the next few months with further instruction, inspiration, and important information. Until then . . . we wish you well!

African and African American Studies (AAAS)
The African and African American Studies Program at Dartmouth College originated in 1969, making it one of the oldest programs of its kind in the nation. Utilizing innovative avenues of theoretical and empirical investigation, students explore questions and issues that shape the historical, social, political, and cultural dimensions of the African Diaspora within a global context. The multidisciplinary curriculum in AAAS offers a major, minor, and an honors program for outstanding students.

The following courses are recommended for first-year students (AAAS):
10. Introduction to African-American Studies (W)
25. Constructing Black Womanhood (W)
40. Gender Identities and Politics in Africa (S)
44. Contemporary Africa (F)
51. Masterpieces of Literature from Africa (F)
63. Race Matters—“Race” Made to Matter (W)
80.08. African American Religion and Culture in Jim Crow America (F)
80.09. Carceral Geographies (W)
81.07. Black Noir (W)
82.01. Religion and the Civil Rights Movement (W)
83.06. Caribbean Lyric and Literature (S)
88. Cities, Subjects, and Sonic Africa (F)
88.08. Ethnography of Violence (S)

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES
44. Contemporary Africa: Exploring Myths, Engaging Realities
This course focuses on processes, relationships, and experiences that shape and have shaped the lives of Africans in many different contexts. These include issues of ecology and food production, age, gender, ethnicity, exchange, colonialism, apartheid, and development. We will then embark on in-depth readings of ethnographies that engage these issues and themes, and we will move beyond prevailing stereotypes about Africa to engage the full complexity of its contemporary realities.
Dist: SOC; WCult: CI.

51. Masterpieces of Literature from Africa
This course provides students with a specific and global view of the diversity of literatures from the African continent. We will read texts written in English or translated from French, Portuguese, Arabic, and African languages. Through novels, short stories, poetry, and drama, we will explore such topics as the colonial encounter, the conflict between tradition and modernity, the negotiation of African identities, post-independence disillusion, gender issues, apartheid, and post-apartheid. Dist: INT or LIT; WCult: NW.

80.08. African American Religion and Culture in Jim Crow America
Jim Crow segregation in the United States compelled many African American men and women to use their bodies—their hands, feet, and voices—to create sacred scenes, sounds, and spaces to articulate their existence in America. This seminar focuses on religious production to explore
African American culture in the post-Civil War era. Students will analyze a variety of sources, including music, visual art, film, religious architecture, sermons, food, theater, photography, and news media. Dist: ARTS; WCult: CI.

88. Cities, Subjects, and Sonic Africa
This course investigates the role of sound in the construction of subjectivity, sociality, and place throughout the Afro-Diasporic world, posing the questions: What has been the role of musical expression in shaping the experiences of Africans throughout the world? How does sound function as a site of socio-political contestation regarding ideas about race, identity, place, and belonging? We will situate historic and ethnographic case studies within a transnational critical framework that draws on the fields of urban studies, critical race studies, ethnomusicology, and sound studies. Dist: ARTS; WCult: NW.

Anthropology (ANTH)
Anthropology explores the paradoxical unity and diversity of peoples, societies, and cultures across the world and through the millennia. It combines the insights and methods of the discipline’s four subfields of anthropology, biological anthropology, linguistic anthropology, and sociocultural anthropology to provide a multidimensional picture of human life.

The following courses are recommended for first-year students (ANTH):
01. Introduction to Anthropology (F)
03. Introduction to Cultural Anthropology (S)
05. Reconstructing the Past: Introduction to Archaeology (W)
06. Introduction to Biological Anthropology (F)
08. The Rise and Fall of Prehistoric Civilizations (F)
09. Language and Culture (F)
11. Ancient Native Americans (W)
14. Death and Dying (S)
20. Primate Evolution and Ecology (S)
41. Human Evolution (W)

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (ANTH)

01. Introduction to Anthropology
This course explores the unity and diversity of humankind by examining our evolution as a single biological species that nonetheless depends for its survival on learned—and therefore varied as well as variable—patterns of cultural adaptation. Lectures and readings address the relationship between the material conditions of our existence, our unique human capacity for creative thought and action, and changes in the size and scale of human societies. Dist: INT or SOC; WCult: CI.

06. Introduction to Biological Anthropology
The major themes of biological anthropology will be introduced; these include the evolution of the primates, the evolution of the human species, and the diversification and adaptation of modern human populations. Emphasis will be given to 1) the underlying evolutionary framework, and 2) the complex interaction between human biological and cultural existences and the environment. Dist: SCI.

08. The Rise and Fall of Prehistoric Civilizations
One of the most intriguing questions in the study of human societies is the origins of cities and states or the transformation from small kinship-based societies to large societies that are internally differentiated on the basis of wealth, political power, and economic specialization. This course examines the explanations proposed by archaeologists for the development of the first cities and state societies through a comparative study of early civilizations in the Old World and the Americas. Dist: INT or SOC; WCult: NW

09. Language and Culture
This course will introduce students to the study of human language as a species-specific endowment of humankind. In this investigation we will examine such issues as: 1) the relationship between language use (e.g. metaphoric creativity) and cultural values, 2) the relationships between language diversity and ethnic, political, economic stratification, 3) language use and the communicating of individual identity, thought, and intentions in face-to-face interaction, 4) the cultural patterning of speech behavior, and 5) whether or not the structure of specific languages affects the characteristics of culture, cognition, and thought in specific ways. Dist: SOC.

Arabic
(See program description under Asian and Middle Eastern Languages and Literatures.)

Art History (ARTH)
The areas of interest represented among the art history faculty are broad, spanning many centuries of European, American, and Asian art. On-site study is available to students who enroll in the Foreign Study Program in Rome, Italy, offered annually in the spring term. The mission of the Department of Art History includes providing courses and training to majors and pre-professionals in the discipline, offering general courses to develop visual literacy and art-historical awareness in the College at large, and promoting overall understanding of the visual arts in the contemporary world. Students majoring in art history are well-prepared for graduate study, and an advanced degree in art history can lead to careers in scholarship and teaching, museum work, commercial art galleries, auction houses, arts administration, and public and private art foundations. In addition, many art history students have followed their undergraduate studies with professional training in law, business, and medicine. Most art history courses carry no prerequisite and are open to first-year students. Questions about specific courses should be directed to the appropriate faculty member.

ADVANCED PLACEMENT
No pre-matriculation credit or exemption is given for courses in art history.

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSE (ARTH)

1. Bodies and Buildings: Introduction to the History of Art in the Ancient World and the Middle Ages
This course studies basic problems and new directions in the understanding of architecture, sculpture, and painting in Europe and the Near East from the earliest times to the end of the Middle Ages. It introduces students to the language of art criticism and method, as well as the relationships of the arts to each other and to their historical contexts. Special attention is given to the human body and visual narrative. Dist: ART; WCult: W.
Recommended Courses for First-Year Students

**Asian and Middle Eastern Languages and Literatures (AMELL)**

The Department of Asian and Middle Eastern Languages and Literatures (AMELL) teaches four of the world’s great old-new cultures; it offers state-of-the-art language training in Arabic, Chinese, Hebrew, and Japanese, and courses and seminars (taught in English) on topics spanning the classical and contemporary literature and culture of each of these areas. There is also a full array of study abroad opportunities. The friendly, personal relationships that develop between the professors and the students often extend beyond the students’ time on campus. Combining linguistic and area expertise with study in related departments (government, economics, history, etc.), AMELL students go on to careers in business, law, government, academia, and the sciences. Please note that our introductory language courses begin only in the fall term; we recommend starting out during your first year at Dartmouth.

**ARABIC (ARAB)**

Spoken by almost 300 million people in the world today, Arabic is the dominant language in over twenty countries in the Middle East and North Africa and is one of the six official languages of the United Nations. It is also the language of a rich cultural heritage spanning many centuries.

In addition to broadening your intellectual horizons and understanding of the Middle East, studying Arabic opens up a surprising array of exciting professional opportunities.

Almost all students of Arabic at Dartmouth arrive on campus with no previous background in the language, and therefore enroll in Arabic 1 during the fall of their first year (followed by Arabic 2 and 3 in the winter and spring). Students with some background in Arabic should contact Professor Jonathan Smolin for placement. Completion of Arabic 3 satisfies the Foreign Language Requirement at Dartmouth.

**FALL TERM COURSES (ARAB)**

1. **First-Year Courses in Arabic**
   - This is the introductory course for Arabic. Students first learn the sounds and letters of the Arabic alphabet and then study basic vocabulary and grammar. Students learn how to communicate about a variety of practical topics, from describing university life to talking about family members. Arabic 1 is the fundamental course for further study of the language.

5. **Introduction to Middle Eastern Politics**
   - 22. Intermediate Arabic
   - 31. Advanced Arabic (Third-year level)
   - 41. Advanced Arabic (Fourth-year level)

**CHINESE (CHIN)**

The Chinese script is the oldest writing system — 3000+ years — still in use and the spoken language is the most commonly spoken language worldwide today. Modern Standard Chinese, which we teach at Dartmouth, is on the U.S. Department of State list of “super critical need” languages.

Why not start your journey into Chinese language and culture this fall with Chinese 1 (or 4)? If you already know modern Chinese, then take Chinese 51 (Introduction to Classical Chinese). The Chinese Language House is our own piece of China on campus! Live with a Chinese professor from Beijing Normal University, speak Chinese, eat Chinese style, host Chinese scholars and artists, and more.

**FALL TERM COURSES (CHIN)**

1. **First-Year Courses in Chinese**
   - Designed for students with no background in Chinese language. Please remember that fall term is the only time to begin the introductory language sequence in Chinese. Completion of Chinese 1, 2, and 3 (three terms of language study) plus Chinese 10 (Introduction to Chinese Culture, offered in Winter) qualifies a student to participate in our study abroad programs in Beijing.

4. **Advanced First-Year Chinese**
   - Students with some study of the Chinese language usually fit best in this course. Please first take the local placement exam (*). Chinese 4 is an accelerated first-year course. Satisfactory completion of Chinese 4 (when not taken under the “non-recording option”) satisfies the foreign language requirement. Completion of Chinese 4 prepares students for the 20-level series, which begins in Winter term. Either summer or fall on our Beijing program is an option.

31. **Advanced Modern Chinese (Third-year level)**
   - 42. Advanced Chinese (Fourth-year level)
   - 61.02. Love and Desire in Modern Chinese

**HEBREW (HEBR)**

Offered only in the fall term, this course introduces written and spoken modern Hebrew to students without any background. In addition to the basics of grammar, emphasis is placed on communication and Israeli culture. Conversational drills and comprehensive exercises provide practice in pronunciation and the use of the basic patterns of speech.

21. **Intermediate Modern Hebrew**

**JAPANESE (JAPN)**

Measured by GDP (Gross Domestic Product), Japan has the third largest economy in the world. It is at the forefront of technology, computer gaming, animation, graphic novels, fashion, and music. It also boasts grand traditional arts and a long, distinguished literary and visual culture. Students new to the language should begin with Japanese 1, which is offered only in the fall term each year. Japanese 1, 2, and 3 constitute the beginning language sequence; in addition to satisfying Dartmouth’s foreign language requirement, this sequence (along with Japanese 10: Introduction to Japanese Culture) also serves as a prerequisite for our summer study-abroad program outside of Tokyo. Students with previous experience should take the local language placement exam during New Student Orientation (*). They, and any student interested in Japan-related study and opportunities, are encouraged to contact Professor Lewis Glintern.

As you explore this guide, circle seven to ten courses that interest or intrigue you. Keep your mind open and curious!
Asian and Middle Eastern Studies (AMES)

Study leading to a degree in AMES is interdisciplin ary and normally focused on one of the following areas: East Asia, the Middle East, Central Asia, and South/Southeast Asia. Majors and minors work with advisors who specialize in these areas to design a program of study to ensure coherence of language study, disciplinary training, and off-campus experience. The AMES Program sponsors the Dartmouth-in-Fez, Morocco Foreign Study Program; the Dartmouth-in-Hyderabad, India Foreign Study Program, co-sponsored with the Women's, Gender, and Sexuality Studies Program; and a Foreign Exchange Program in Seoul, Korea.

The following courses are recommended for first-year students (AMES):
4. Introduction to Arabic Culture
5. Thought and Change in the Middle East and Central Asia
6. Islam: Tradition and Transformation
8. Introduction to Islam
9. Hinduism
10. The Religions of China
11. Introduction to Korean Culture
12. Introduction to Chinese Culture
13. Introduction to Japanese Culture
15. Modern Islam
17. Introduction to Hebraic and Israeli Culture
19. Introduction to South Asia
21. Topics in Korean Studies
40.07 Discourse, Culture, and Identity in Asia and the Middle East
New Course/not yet numbered: Thinking through Asia

Fall Term Courses (JAPN)

1. First-Year Course in Japanese
Offered only in the fall term, this course introduces written and spoken modern Japanese to students without any background. In addition to the basics of grammar, emphasis is placed on active, functional communication. Conversational drills and comprehensive exercises provide practice in pronunciation and the use of the basic patterns of speech.

22. Intermediate Japanese
31. Advanced Japanese (Third-year level)
41. Advanced Japanese (Fourth-year level)
61.08 Japan's Postwar Popular Culture: Godzilla's Revenge

Biological Sciences (BIOL)
The Department of Biological Sciences offers a highly flexible major and a wide variety of courses, research opportunities, and experiences for Dartmouth undergraduates. The interests and activities of its diverse faculty include molecular and cellular biology, ecology and evolutionary biology, developmental biology, neurobiology, and computational biology. Biology majors can focus their studies on a wide range of different areas within biology, and the major can include selected courses from other departments. The Department of Biological Sciences offers a Foreign Study Program in tropical ecology that includes an introduction to studies of rain forests, coral reefs, and other tropical environments.

Please see our “Welcome Class of 2021” page: https://biology.dartmouth.edu/welcome-class-2021. For many students, BIOL 11 (The Science of Life) is the entrance course to the major and the minor. This is a topics-based lecture course with no laboratory that is offered in the fall, winter and spring of the 2017-2018 academic year. The Biology department has established an online self-assessment exam for students to take and use as a guide to determine if they should take BIOL 11 or if they should enter a Foundation course directly. Students should determine their level of preparedness based on the self-assessment exam score. Only those students who are extremely well-prepared should elect to enroll directly into a Foundation course. BIOL 11 may be counted toward the Biology major or minor if it is taken as the first Biology major course.

Topics for the three offerings of BIOL 11 during the 2017-2018 academic year are:
Fall: Major Events in the History of Life and the Human Genome

Winter: Emerging Infectious Diseases—How Microbes Rule the World
Spring: Animal Minds

Foundation courses include BIOL 12 (Cell Structure and Function, fall and spring); BIOL 13 (Gene Expression and Inheritance, winter and summer); BIOL 14 (Physiology, fall and winter); BIOL 15 (Genetic Variation and Evolution, winter) and BIOL 16 (Ecology, fall and spring). Each Foundation course has a laboratory component, and students must successfully complete three of the five Foundation courses for the major. A Biology minor must successfully complete two Foundation courses.

To complete the major, students, in consultation with their faculty advisor, focus in an Area of Concentration by taking seven additional courses including two advanced courses numbered 50 and above. A student minoring in Biology must complete four additional courses. Additional prerequisites for the major include CHEM 5 and CHEM 6, and one quantitative course from among COSC 1 or 5, ENGS 20, EARS 17, BIOL 29, MATH 4, MATH/BIO/5, and MATH 8 or above. MATH 10 (or equivalent) also satisfies the quantitative requirement. In addition, many graduate and professional schools require CHEM 51-52 for admission so we highly recommend that students consider taking these courses while at Dartmouth.

Although non-majors can (and are encouraged to) enroll in BIOL 11 and Foundation courses, the department also offers a course intended primarily for non-majors: BIOL 2 (Human Biology, fall).

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (BIOL)

2. Human Biology
A course designed to help students (biologists and non-biologists) understand the biological basis of human health and disease. The course will emphasize the fundamental aspects of biochemistry, genetics, cell and molecular biology, physiology, anatomy, reproductive biology, and structure/function of various organs as they relate to humans. Particular emphasis will be placed on specific topics in human health and disease and how these issues affect us all individually in our own health and collectively in our international society. Dist: SCI.

11. The Science of Life
Biology, like all of science, is a problem-solving endeavor. This course introduces students to a major problem in biology, and considers it from many different perspectives, viewpoints, and biological levels of organization. Along the way, students are exposed to many of the major concepts in biology, from molecules to ecosystems. Each offering will address a different major problem. Dist: SCI.

Fall Topic for BIOL 11: Major Events in the History of Life and the Human Genome
Over the course of the last 4.5 billion years, life has faced a number of challenges, and in response has evolved a number of remarkable innovations.
These innovations are written in DNA, and thus molecular fossils for many of the major events in the history of life can be found within our very own genomes. This course will survey the human nuclear and mitochondrial genomes, using a gene or region from a chromosome as a “ticket” to a particularly important event or process in the history of life. Dist: SCI.

12. Cell Structure and Function
BIOL 12 will provide a foundation in the fundamental mechanisms that govern the structure and function of eukaryotic cells. Topics include membrane transport, energy conversion, signal transduction, protein targeting, cell motility and the cytoskeleton, and the cell cycle. Emphasis will be placed on discussion of the experimental basis for understanding cell function. The laboratory section will provide students with hands-on experience in modern laboratory techniques including microscopy, cell fractionation, and protein purification. Dist: SLA.

14. Physiology
BIOL 14 introduces students to the complexity of organisms by studying how their different organ systems strive to maintain internal homeostasis in the face of different environmental demands. The adaptive responses of selected organisms (humans, different animals, and plants) to a variety of environmental factors will be studied from the molecular, cell, tissue, organ, and systems level of organization. Some of the topics to be covered include biological control systems (hormones, neurons) and coordinated body functions (circulation, respiration, osmoregulation, digestion). All systems studied will be integrated by analyzing how different organisms adapt to living in extreme environments (deserts, high altitude) or facing environmental demands (navigation, exercise). Dist: SLA.

16. Ecology
This course examines fundamental concepts in the rapidly developing areas of ecology. These topics include the factors that limit the distributions and abundances of organisms, the effects that organisms have on ecosystems, the integration of ecosystems around the globe, and the conservation of species diversity. The class will also explore how the behavior and physiology of individual organisms shape both local and global patterns of distribution and abundance. Laboratories focus on experimental and quantitative analyses of local ecosystems, with an emphasis on field studies. Dist: SLA.

Chemistry (CHEM)
Please note that the Chemistry Department offers key local placement/credit-on-exam exams only during Orientation (*). These are only open to students in their first year, so decisions regarding whether or not to take these exams need to be made at the beginning of Orientation. Because the departmental open houses may be held after the test offerings, you may wish to consult the Chemistry Department once you arrive on campus, if you have questions related to the exams.

Chemistry majors and non-majors alike have outstanding opportunities at Dartmouth. The department is characterized by excellent teaching and close faculty-student relations in nationally competitive research projects. A Ph.D. program and the presence of postdoctoral research associates help to ensure a stimulating scientific atmosphere supported by modern research instruments that are accessible to undergraduates. Research in the general fields of inorganic, organic, physical, theoretical, materials, structural biology, and biological chemistry is supported by modern instrumentation, computers, and a first-rate library including computer-assisted literature searches.

All majors are welcome to attend the weekly departmental colloquium, which features speakers from other universities and from industry. Undergraduate research students attend the research seminars of their faculty mentor’s research group. Graduate courses allow undergraduates to pursue specific interests in advanced topics as these develop. Chemistry faculty members are dedicated educators and the department ranks at or near the top in undergraduate ratings of teaching quality at Dartmouth. The department believes it has one of the best undergraduate programs in chemistry available at any college or university.

The Department of Chemistry offers two parallel introductory sequences which are prerequisite to more advanced courses in chemistry. The normal sequence consists of Chemistry 5 and 6 (General Chemistry), Chemistry 10 is a limited enrollment honors course for those first-year students with a strong background and interest in chemistry, who may have interest in majoring in the sciences, and who have adequate mathematics preparation (credit-on-entrance for, or exemption from, Mathematics 3). Chemistry 10, offered during the fall term, is only open to first-year students, and is the prerequisite equivalent to Chemistry 5 and 6; upon successful completion of Chemistry 10 students receive one credit-on-entrance for Chemistry 5, and one course credit for Chemistry 10. Eligibility for entrance into Chemistry 10 is discussed below. Students who plan to take general chemistry in their first year at Dartmouth and who have a credit-on-entrance for, or exemption from, Mathematics 3 are strongly urged to take Chemistry 5 in the fall term. Students with a score lower than 5 on the CEEB Advanced Placement Examination will receive a credit-on-entrance for Chemistry 5 credit exam at the beginning of Orientation week(*). Please note that the Chemistry 5 test is offered only on this one occasion. Those students who pass this test will receive a credit-on-entrance for Chemistry 5 and be invited to take the Chemistry 6 credit test, which is scheduled later in Orientation week. Students who pass the Chemistry 6 credit test will receive a credit-on-entrance for Chemistry 6. Students are strongly encouraged to prepare for these tests by reviewing their high school chemistry material and consulting the chemistry testing website, www.dartmouth.edu/~prep/chemistry/. Students who may be interested in majoring in chemistry, biology, or engineering should take particular note of the opportunity to gain credit-on-entrance by special examination, as receiving credit-on-entrance for Chemistry 5 will provide important flexibility in future course scheduling.

5-6. General Chemistry (5 F; W; 6 S)

10. Honors First-Year General Chemistry (F)

Although there are many options for first-year students, it is important to have an early start, at least in planning, for those who wish to major in Chemistry or Biological Chemistry. Students who wish to keep open the option of majoring in Chemistry are strongly encouraged to take Chemistry 5-6 or Chemistry 10 in their first year. None of the major programs precludes off-campus activities such as

Language Study Abroad. Students interested in a combined program of chemistry and engineering should plan their programs in consultation with both the curriculum advisor of the Thayer School and one of the members of the Undergraduate Advising Committee of the Department of Chemistry at the start of the first year. Students contemplating a major in the physical sciences, but undecided between physics and chemistry, should note that the election of Mathematics 3 and 8, Chemistry 5-6 (or Chemistry 10), and Physics 13 and 14 will serve well as preparation for further study in either field.

CREDIT ON ENTRANCE AND ADVANCED PLACEMENT
Students with a score of 5 on the CEEB Advanced Placement Examination will receive a credit-on-entrance for Chemistry 5. These students will be invited to take the Chemistry 6 credit test during Orientation. Students who have been given a credit-on-entrance for Chemistry 5 may not enroll in Chemistry 5 without permission of the Chemistry Department. The training described in the CEEB Advanced Placement Program Syllabus is a satisfactory guide to the type of work that may be expected to lead to Advanced Placement at Dartmouth. Students who have a credit-on-entrance for Chemistry 5 and either a credit-on-entrance for, or an exemption from Mathematics 3 are eligible to enroll in either Chemistry 6 or Chemistry 10 (subject to enrollment limits) in the fall term.

CREDIT ON ENTRANCE BY SPECIAL EXAMINATION
Students with a good background in chemistry, but who were unable to take the CEEB Advanced Placement Examination (for example, students who took the International Baccalaureate or British A-Level examinations), or who achieved a score lower than 5 on the CEEB Advanced Placement Examination, are strongly encouraged to take the Chemistry 5 credit exam at the beginning of Orientation week(*). Please note that the Chemistry 5 test is offered only on this one occasion. Those students who pass this test will receive a credit-on-entrance for Chemistry 5 and be invited to take the Chemistry 6 credit test, which is scheduled later in Orientation week. Students who pass the Chemistry 6 credit test will receive a credit-on-entrance for Chemistry 6. Students are strongly encouraged to prepare for these tests by reviewing their high school chemistry material and consulting the chemistry testing website, www.dartmouth.edu/~prep/chemistry/. Students who may be interested in majoring in chemistry, biology, or engineering should take particular note of the opportunity to gain credit-on-entrance by special examination, as receiving credit-on-entrance for Chemistry 5 will provide important flexibility in future course scheduling.

ELIGIBILITY FOR ENROLLMENT IN CHEMISTRY 10
There are two ways for first-year students to be eligible for enrollment in Chemistry 10. 1) First-year students with credit-on-entrance for Chemistry 5, either by scoring a 5 on the CEEB Advanced Placement Examination, or by passing the Chemistry 5
placement exam offered at the beginning of Orientation (*), and who also have credit-on-entrance for, or exemption from, Mathematics 3 are eligible to enroll; 2) First-year students with credit-on-entrance for, or exemption from, Mathematics 3, but who do not have credit-on-entrance for Chemistry 5 can become eligible for enrollment in Chemistry 10 by satisfactory performance on a Chemistry 10 placement examination offered at the beginning of Orientation (*). Please note that enrollment is limited. All students who are admitted to the course will also receive credit-on-entrance for Chemistry 5 upon satisfactory completion of Chemistry 10.

**TRANSFER CREDIT**

Students who wish to receive credits-on-entrance for Dartmouth chemistry courses for college chemistry courses taken prior to matriculation at Dartmouth should see the chair of the Department of Chemistry early in the fall term.

**SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (CHEM)**

**5-6. General Chemistry**

An introduction to the fundamental principles of chemistry, including chemical stoichiometry; the properties of gases, liquids, and solids; solutions; chemical equilibria; atomic and molecular structure; an introduction to thermodynamics; reaction kinetics; and a discussion of the chemical properties of selected elements. The laboratory work emphasizes physical-chemical measurements, quantitative analysis, and synthesis. Prerequisite for Chemistry 5: Mathematics 3. Prerequisite for Chemistry 6: Mathematics 3 and Chemistry 5. Dist: SLA.

**10. Honors First-Year General Chemistry**

Chemistry 10 is a general chemistry course for students with a strong background in chemistry and mathematics, and who may have an interest in majoring in the sciences. The course will cover selected general chemistry topics important for higher-level chemistry courses. These include thermodynamics, reaction kinetics, quantum mechanics, and bonding. Laboratory work will emphasize physical-chemical measurements and quantitative analysis. Prerequisite: Credit for Mathematics 3 (or equivalent), and either credit for Chemistry 5, or satisfactory performance on the Chemistry 10 local placement exam at Dartmouth. Dist: SLA.

**Chinese**

(See program description under Asian and Middle Eastern Languages and Literatures.)

**Classics (CLST)**

The Department of Classics offers a broad range of courses in Greek and Latin language and literature; Greek and Latin literature in English translation; Greek and Roman history, archaeology, mythology, philosophy, and religion; and Modern Greek.

Designed to highlight all aspects and phases of Greek and Roman civilizations, the departmental curriculum appeals to students interested in exploring broadly the foundations of Western culture. Study of the Classics can be an ideal undergraduate liberal arts program for individuals preparing for careers in a wide variety of professions. We work closely with our students in developing their skills so that they graduate with highly advanced competencies in creatively analyzing and synthesizing qualitative information, using texts and artifacts to examine cultural systems and systems of thought, communicating clearly with the written and spoken word, and collaborating effectively with others. Most of our classes are capped at 25 students or fewer, and we are committed to providing the sort of intensive faculty-student engagement for which Dartmouth is renowned.

In addition to a major program in the classical languages and literature, the department also offers majors in classical archaeology, ancient history, and classical studies, the last of which is ideal for those students who seek an area studies major in the humanities that can be completed without Greek or Latin language study.

The Classics Department offers courses under three different rubrics: Ancient Greek (GRK), Latin (LAT), and Classical Studies (CLST).

The following courses are recommended for first-year students:

**GRK 1. Introductory Ancient Greek (F)**

GRK 1-3. Intensive Ancient Greek [double course] (W)

**GRK 10. Readings in Ancient Greek Prose and Poetry (F, S)**

**LAT 1. Introductory Latin (F, W)**

**LAT 3. Intermediate Latin (W, S)**

**LAT 10. Readings in Latin Prose and Poetry (S)**

**LAT 15. Literature and the Romans (F)**

**CLST 1. Antiquity Today: An Introduction to Classical Studies (W)**

**CLST 2. The Tragedy & Comedy of Greece & Rome (S)**

**CLST 3. Reason and the Good Life: Socrates to Epictetus (F)**

**CLST 6. Introduction to Classical Archaeology (F)**

**CLST 10. Ancient Magic and Religion (W)**

**CLST 11. Early Sparta and Corinth: A Comparative Approach to the Archaeohistory of Two Major Greek City-States (F)**

**CLST 12. Greek and Roman Engineering Technology (S)**

**CLST 14. Greek History: Archaic and Classical Greece (S)**

**CLST 18. History of the Roman Empire: Roman Principate to Christian Empire (F)**

**CLST 19. Methods and Theories in Ancient History (W)**

**CLST 20. Greek Prehistoric Archaeology: The Emergence of Civilizations in the Aegean (F)**

**CLST 21. From Disaster to Triumph: Greek Archaeology from the Destruction of Mycenae to the Persian Wars (W)**

**CLST 26. Later Roman Imperial Archaeology: The Golden Age and Beyond (S)**

**GREEK (GRK)**

If you have not studied ancient Greek before, the place to begin is Greek 1, followed immediately by Greek 3. (There is no Greek 2 course.) Greek 1 and 3 introduce students to the grammar and syntax of classical Greek and provide an introduction to the study of Greek literature. Successful completion of Greek 3 satisfies the College language requirement. Greek 1-3, Intensive Greek, is a double course offered in the winter term and covers the equivalent of Greek 1 and 3 in one term. This course offers two credits.

A third one-term course, Greek 10 (offered in both the fall and spring), devoted entirely to the reading of a few significant, original Greek texts, strengthens students’ analytical and reading skills and qualifies them for our upper-level offerings (20-30).

**PLACEMENT IN GREEK COURSES**

Students who have studied either Ancient or Modern Greek in high school should consult with the chair of the Classics Department concerning their placement in Greek courses. Those who can submit evidence of their prior achievement may also be considered by the department for exemption from the College language requirement.

**LATIN (LAT)**

If you have not studied Latin before, the place to begin is Latin 1, followed immediately by Latin 3. (There is no Latin 2 course.) Latin 1 and 3 introduce students to the grammar and syntax of Latin and provide an introduction to the study of Latin literature. Successful completion of Latin 3 satisfies the College language requirement.

Intermediate courses (Latin 15 or Latin 10) strengthen reading skills and develop familiarity with the variety of literary, historical, and philosophical texts written in Latin. Latin 15, which is offered every fall, is especially designed for incoming first-year students. Students may take either Latin 10 or Latin 15 or both before proceeding to more advanced offerings (Latin 20-30).
Recommended Courses for First-Year Students

PLACEMENT IN LATIN COURSES
Placement directly into higher level Latin courses depends on your level of achievement and confidence. This is a collaborative decision between you and members of the Classics faculty that is based in part upon your scores on the SAT II Achievement Test in Latin, on the AP Latin test, or on the placement exam administered to incoming first-year students by the Department of Classics at Dartmouth. Available only to first-year students during the orientation process, the Latin Placement Exam is an online test consisting of 55 multiple-choice questions. Time allowed is 50 minutes. First-year students who have questions about the placement process are encouraged to contact the coordinator for Latin Placement (Professor Margaret Graver: margaret.graver@dartmouth.edu).

All members of the incoming class who have reported studying Latin in high school should automatically receive access to the Latin Placement Exam on Canvas (look under “Courses”). First-year students who do not receive access and wish to take the exam can request access by emailing Professor Graver.

In order to be placed directly into Latin 3 without taking Latin 1, you should have a score of 570-670 on the SAT II Achievement Test in Latin or a passing mark on our placement exam. All first-year students who have received a placement into Latin 3 are encouraged to visit the Classics department during Orientation week for a brief diagnostic that may make it possible to forego Latin 3 and move directly into Latin 15.

Placement into Latin 15 will also be granted to students who have scored 680 or above on the SAT II Achievement Test in Latin, who have received a score of “5” on the Latin AP test, or who performed suitably well on our placement exam. An official placement into Latin 15 confers exemption from the college language requirement. First-year students who have questions about the placement process are encouraged to contact Professor Graver.

CLASSICAL STUDIES (CLST)
Classical Studies encompasses courses on Greek and Latin literature (including philosophy) in English translation (CLST 1-3); Greek and Roman history (CLST 14-15, 17-19); classical archaeology (CLST 6, 20-26); and special topics in classical literature, history, archaeology, philosophy, and religion (CLST 10-12). All Classical Studies courses are open to first-year students, without prerequisites.

SELECTED FALL AND WINTER TERM COURSES

GREEK (GRK)
1. Introductory Ancient Greek (F)
You do not need to have any previous experience learning ancient or modern languages to take this course. Greek 1 introduces you to the major grammatical tools for reading Attic Greek (the language spoken and written in Athens during the 5th and 4th centuries B.C.). In addition to learning grammar, you will be sampling works from the classical period of Athenian literature, such as Plato and Xenophon.

2-3. Intensive Ancient Greek (W)
You do not need to have any previous experience learning ancient or modern languages to take this course. Greek 1-3 introduces you to the major grammatical tools for reading Attic Greek (the language spoken and written in Athens during the 5th and 4th centuries B.C.). Before you finish the course, you will be sampling works from the classical period of Athenian literature, such as Plato and Xenophon. GRK 1-3 is a double course and offers two credits.

LATIN (LAT)
1. Introductory Latin (F, W)
An introduction to Latin as a spoken and written language. Never serves in partial satisfaction of the Distributive or World Culture Requirement.

15. Literature and the Romans (F)
The two main goals of this course are to develop your ability to read Latin, especially in multiple genres, and to acquire and improve a range of interpretive skills. In the first part of the course (approx. two-thirds) we shall read a number of different types of sources pertaining to the emperors Augustus and Nero. The aim here is to familiarize you with a selection of genres and authors in terms of their forms of expression and their particular contribution to the image of the emperor. The last third of the course will be devoted to the interpretation of poetry, especially theoretical issues of philology and reception. Our case-studies will include not only Latin texts by Seneca and Horace, but also several related works in translation and other media, from Greek tragedy to the modern English stage. The knowledge and skills gained in this course will enable you to begin to work with Latin and non-Latin texts for a variety of different purposes, including literary criticism, history, linguistics, and philosophy, among others. Dist: LIT; WCult: W.

CLASSICAL STUDIES (CLST)
3. Reason and the Good Life: Socrates to Epictetus (F)
An introduction to philosophical thought in antiquity, especially that of Socrates, Epicurus, and the Stoics. We will concentrate especially on ethical questions; e.g., what kind of life is best for humans to pursue; how thoughtful persons should weigh the potentially competing claims of reason, pleasure, and emotion; and how intellectual activity was perceived at Athens and at Rome. Readings include Aristophanes’ Clouds, Plato’s Apology and Meno, and selected writings of Epicurus, Lucretius, Cicero, Seneca, and Epictetus. Open to all classes. Dist: TMV; WCult: W.

6. Introduction to Classical Archaeology (F)
This course will familiarize students with the basic methods and principles of Classical archaeology through a survey of the principal types of sites and artifacts characteristic of Greco-Roman antiquity. Students will gain a good overview of the approaches useful in the interpretation of a wide variety of material evidence as well as of problems inherent in such evidence. At the same time, through the study of a number of major sites in roughly chronological sequence, students will acquire an appreciation of the development of material culture in the Mediterranean world from prehistory to the collapse of the Roman Empire. The course thus serves both as an introduction to Greek and Roman civilization and to the particular goals of the discipline of archaeology. Dist: INT or ART; WCult: W.
10. Ancient Magic and Religion (W)
Bindings and curses, love charms and healing potions, amulets and talismans—from simple spells to complex group rituals, ancient societies made use of magic and religion to try to influence the world around them. In this course, we shall examine the roles of magic and religion in the ancient Greek and Roman worlds, paying special attention to their local contexts and to the myths and actual techniques ancient practitioners used to serve their clientele.

Cognitive Science (COGS)
Cognitive science is the study of cognition from an interdisciplinary perspective. The core component disciplines of cognitive science are philosophy, psychology, neuroscience, linguistics, and computer science. Cognitive scientists may focus on particular cognitive faculties, such as language or memory, on specific cognitive phenomena, such as empathy, or on understanding the fundamentals of cognition quite broadly, for example in information-theoretic terms. What sets cognitive science apart from its core areas is its commitment to cross-disciplinary methodology. Students wishing to pursue work in cognitive science take a defined group of core courses and then design a focus study area comprised of a series of electives selected from courses taught in a variety of departments.

The following courses are recommended for first-year students (COGS):
- COGS 1. Introduction to Cognitive Science (S)
- COSC 01. Introduction to Programming and Computation (F)
- LING 01. Introductory Linguistics (F)
- PSYC 28. Cognition (S)
- PSYC 40. Introduction to Computational Neuroscience (F)

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (COGS)
LING 01. Introductory Linguistics
An introduction to the scientific description of human language. The course teaches methods of analyzing languages’ sound systems (phonology), word structure (morphology), sentence patterns (syntax), and systems of meaning (semantics and pragmatics). Some important implications of linguistics for the study of human cognition and cultural behavior will be discussed. Dist: QDS.

COSC 01. Introduction to Programming and Computation
CS 1 will teach you to design, write, and analyze code to solve computational problems from a range of disciplines. You’ll also learn to think about problems the way a computer scientist thinks—a skill that is valuable in any field. The course is suitable for students with no previous background in Computer Science, and no knowledge of mathematics beyond high school algebra.

PSYC 40. Introduction to Computational Neuroscience
The mind is what the brain does, and the brain is becoming understood computationally. Computational neuroscience has as its twin goals the scientific and engineering tasks of understanding of how brain computes mind, and using that understanding to characterize and reconstruct these computations. Scientific understanding of the brain will confer the ability not only to describe and characterize the mind, but to modify it, enhance it, diagnose and treat its illnesses, and, eventually, to imitate its operation.

Comparative Literature (COLT)
Comparative Literature is a challenging interdisciplinary program that gathers the best faculty from across campus in promoting the study of literatures in different languages as well as the relationship between literature and other spheres of human activity. It also embraces broader inquiry into the relationship between literature and other disciplines and practices, such as the visual and performing arts, philosophy, history, the social sciences, religion, sciences, and mathematics. The program provides students with ample opportunity to study literature and culture from a wide array of critical perspectives. Among these are rhetoric and poetics, translation and reception, film theory and media studies, colonial and postcolonial studies, theories of ethnic and national identities, gender and queer theory, and psychoanalysis.

Comparative Literature majors are expected to develop competence in at least one language other than their native language, and to work with original texts in more than one language. Students devise and pursue a rigorous program of study tailored to their particular interests and intellectual strengths in close consultation with one or more faculty mentors.

The following courses are recommended for first-year students (COLT):
1. Read the World (F)
2. 10.15. Order and Chaos: Carnivals and Wild Celebrations (W)
3. 10.07 Characters on the Verge of a Nervous Breakdown (F)
4. 35.01 The Arabian Nights East and West (W)
5. 35.02 The Novel: Memory, Desire (S)
6. 40.01/ENGL 54.15: History of the Book (F)
7. 42.05: Cultures of Surveillance (S)
8. 52.02/FS 42/LACS 30.06: New Latin American Invited Others of European Literature (W)
9. Translation: Theory and Practice (W)
10. Translation: Theory and Practice (W)

Do you know how to read? Faces. Words. Pictures. Bodies. Games. Books. People. What are you really doing when you read the world? This course teaches comparative methods designed to confront the (mis)understandings and (mis)translations that constitute reading across the world’s languages, locations, cultures, historical periods, and expressive forms. Classwork consists of hands-on exercises that engage ancient and modern myths and materials drawn from various media: text, movies, video games, anime, and digital arts. Washburn. Dist: LIT or INT; WCult CI.

07.15 Order and Chaos: Carnivals and Wild Celebrations
Festivities are an ever-present element in literature across the world, from antiquity through the present day. In this course will begin with an exploration of Brazil’s carnival from historical, anthropological, and literary perspectives before delving into a broad range of works featuring other grand parties. We will consider the theme of carnivals and celebrations both from a broad perspective (how, for instance, has letting loose provided a means both to challenge and reinforce the existing social order?) and explore how it has been put to use by writers and other artists (for example, why are fictional celebrations so often linked with terror and tragedy?). Besides studying thematic representations of parties we will also examine theories of the “carnivalesque” in literature. Dist: LIT.

10.07 Characters on the Verge of a Nervous Breakdown
The figure of characters in crisis has been the foundation of literary plots since Antiquity. This course examines cinematic, literary, and philosophical representations of people coming undone while working their way through crises that threaten their lives. Why has this problem always been so prevalent in narratives of all kinds? Works by Plato, Aristotel, Nietzsche, Nabokov, the Coen brothers, Wallace, Almodóvar, Borges, Shakespeare, Dostoevsky, Chopin, Hitchens, and others. Dist: LIT, W.

19.01 Translation: Theory and Practice
Translation is both a basic and highly complicated aspect of our engagement with literature. We often take it for granted; yet the idea of meanings “lost in translation” is commonplace. In this course we work intensively on the craft of translation while exploring its practical, cultural, and philosophical implications through readings in theoretical and literary texts. All students will complete a variety of translation exercises, and a substantial final project, in their chosen language. Dist: LIT or INT, W.

35.01 The Arabian Nights East and West
An introduction to Arabo-Islamic culture through its most accessible and popular exponent, One Thousand and One Nights. The course will take this masterpiece of world literature as the focal point for a multidisciplinary literary study. It will cover the genesis of the text from Indian and Mediterranean antecedents, its Arabic recensions,
Recommended Courses for First-Year Students

its reception in the West, and its influence on European literature. The course will be taught in English in its entirety. No prerequisites.
Dist: INT or LIT/NW.

35.02 The Novel: Memory, Desire, and Narrative Time
Does its resistance to generic classification distinguish the novel as a genre? We will address this question by reading five works—excepts from The Tale of Genji (Murasaki Shikibu), Crime and Punishment (Fyodor Dostoevsky), Swann’s Way (Marcel Proust), The Song of Everlasting Sorrow (Wang Anyi), and Love in the Time of Cholera (Gabriel Garcia Marquez)—through the lens of various critical theories that attempt to identify rhetorical elements and themes common to the form.
Dist: INT or LIT.

39.02 The Literary Fairy Tale
This course surveys the development of the fairy tale in Europe and North America, from the first collections in early modern France and Italy (Basile, Perrault) through the Brothers Grimm to the extraordinary regeneration of fairy-tale subjects and motifs in the 20th and 21st centuries (Disney, Sexton, Carter). We will discuss the role of this marvelous genre in interrogating reality and engaging in the “civilizing process,” and put our encounters to dynamic use by writing and performing tales.
Dist: LIT/W.

40.01 History of the Book
This course examines the book as a material and cultural object. We’ll consider various practical and theoretical models for understanding the book form and investigating the materials, technologies, institutions, and practices of its production, dissemination, and reception. We’ll focus primarily on the printed book in Western Europe and North America, but we’ll also discuss the emergence of the codex (book), medieval manuscript books, twentieth and twenty-first century artist’s books and the challenges posed by digitality to the book form. The readings for the course will be balanced by frequent use of exemplars drawn from Rauzer Library and practical experience setting type in the Book Arts workshop.
Dist: LIT; WCult: W.

49.06 Multilingualism and its Others
Multilingualism and monolingualism are notions that appear clear-cut, uncontested, and normative. But are they? In this course, we will examine the rise (and fall) of multilingualism and its others—especially monolingualism—to sharpen our understanding of these terms’ use and implications. Where and when did they emerge historically? Whom do they benefit or harm socially? What do they mean theoretically? What challenges do they pose to writing, translation, the global traffic of texts, and language-learning advocacy? Readings will draw on several disciplines, with research projects reflecting each student’s investment in the topic.
Dist: SOC.

51.01 Masterpieces of Literatures from Africa
This course is designed to provide students with a specific and global view of the diversity of literatures from the African continent. We will read texts written in English or translated from French, Portuguese, Arabic, and African languages. Through novels, short stories, poetry, and drama, we will explore such topics as the colonial encounter, the conflict between tradition and modernity, the negotiation of African identities, post-independence disillusion, gender issues, apartheid, and post-apartheid. In discussing this variety of literatures from a comparative context, we will assess the similarities and the differences apparent in the cultures and historical contexts from which they emerge. Readings from Chinhua Achebe, Nagraib Mahfouz, Calixthe Beyala, Camara Laye, and Luandino Vieira.
Dist: LIT or INT; WCult: NW.

62.03 Zombies, Cyborgs, and Clones in Dystopian Fiction and Film
From the zombie apocalypse to fears of killer robots and technology run amok, current popular culture is fascinated by end-of-the-world nightmare scenarios. Classic dystopian novels like Orwell’s 1984 and Lewis’s It Can’t Happen Here have recently topped bestseller lists, while shows like The Walking Dead dominate the television ratings. Why are we obsessed with apocalyptic and dystopian scenarios? How might this obsession be related to politics, technology, and the media we both use and consume?
Dist: LIT or INT.

70.03 European Jewish Intellectuals
The course will examine the role of the Jewish intellectual in twentieth century Europe. We shall focus on several paradigmatic figures (Arendt, Benjamin, Adorno, Levinas, Derida) who confront the redefinition of politics and civil society in modern times. Some attempt to deal with these changes through a critical reflection on the concepts of democracy and ethics and on how justice can be practiced either within or outside of the geographical and spiritual boundaries of the modern nation state. We shall examine how Jewish self-consciousness and a deep attachment to biblical tradition enable these intellectuals to reconcile ethical imperative with political realities. Particular attention will be paid to topics such as the challenges of Eurocentric Christian humanism and universalism to Jewish assimilation; the promises of totalitarism, Marxism and messianism; the politics of biblical exegesis; history and Jewish mysticism; Zionism, anti-Zionism and the Arab-Israeli conflict.
Dist: INT; WCult: W.

Computer Science (COSC)
Students interested in taking more than one course in computer science usually start with CS 1 (Introduction to Programming and Computation) in the fall or spring, followed by CS 10 (Problem Solving Via Object-Oriented Programming) in the fall or winter. CS 1 is an introductory course, which does not assume any computer science experience or background, and it can be taken as early as first-year fall. CS 10 develops skills in solving problems computationally. It assumes previous programming experience (CS 1 prerequisite) and uses Java.

The following courses are recommended for first-year students (COSC):
1. Introduction to Programming and Computation (F, S)
2. Programming for Interactive Audio-Visual Arts (F)
10. Problem Solving via Object-Oriented Programming (F, W)
22. 3D Digital Modeling (W, S)
24. Computer Animation: The State of the Art (F, S)
30. Discrete Mathematics in Computer Science (W)
50. Software Design and Implementation (W, S)

ADVANCED PLACEMENT
A student who receives a 4 or 5 on the Computer Science A Advanced Placement examination receives placement into CS 10. A student may instead take a departmental computer science exam (*) to determine if he or she will receive placement into CS.

TRANSFER CREDIT
The Department of Computer Science does not give transfer credit for courses taken at other institutions before matriculation at Dartmouth. Students who feel that they know the material in CS 1 can be placed out of CS 1 by taking the local placement exam as described above. Students who feel that they know the material in a higher-level computer science course should see the computer science undergraduate advisor during Orientation to arrange to take an examination on the material.

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (COSC)
1. Introduction to Programming and Computation
This course introduces computational concepts that are fundamental to computer science and are useful for the sciences, social sciences, engineering, and digital arts. Students will write their own interactive programs to analyze data, process text, draw graphics, manipulate images, and simulate physical systems. Problem decomposition, program efficiency, and good programming style are emphasized throughout the course. No prior programming experience is assumed.
Dist: TLA.

2. Programming for Interactive Audio-Visual Arts
This course presents topics related to interactive visual art generated on a computer. Although it briefly covers computer-generated media art, the course focuses on the programming skills required for creating interactive works. Rather than using commercial software, students write their own programs, using the Processing language, to create compositions with which users can interact. The course introduces fundamental concepts of how to represent and manipulate color, two-dimensional shapes, images, motion, and video. Coursework includes short programming assignments to practice the concepts introduced during lectures and projects to explore visual compositions. The course...
assumes no prior knowledge of programming. This course is not open to students who have passed COSC 1 or ENGS 20 or who have received credit for one of these courses via the Advanced Placement exam or the local placement exam. Dist: TLA.

10. Problem Solving via Object-Oriented Programming
Motivated by problems that arise in a variety of disciplines, this course examines concepts and develops skills in solving computational problems. Topics covered include abstraction (how to hide details), modularity (how to decompose problems), data structures (how to efficiently organize data), and algorithms (procedures for solving problems). Laboratory assignments are implemented using object-oriented programming techniques. Prerequisite: Computer Science 1, Engineering Sciences 20, or placement through the Advanced Placement exam or the local placement exam. Dist: TLA.

Earth Sciences (EARS)
Earth Science is a field-based, interdisciplinary science that uses the principles of chemistry, physics, biology, and mathematics to 1) understand the origins and evolution of natural features such as mountains, rocks, lakes, air, oceans, weather, flora, and fauna; 2) understand the scientific basis of important environmental issues such as surface and groundwater contamination, global climate change, and the interactions of life, including its origins, with earth processes; and 3) assess, find, and extract natural resources such as groundwater, petroleum, and ores.

The core of the Earth Sciences degree is our off-campus field program, the Stretch, usually taken during the fall term of the junior year. The Stretch is made up of a series of segments, each taught by a different professor in a different location. Topics covered include geologic structures and landforms, river and lake processes, volcanism, geochemistry of environmentally fragile ecosystems, glacial processes, and the geological origins of western North America. These segments currently take place in the Canadian Rockies, Wyoming, Montana, Utah, Nevada, California, and Arizona.

There are two majors in earth sciences: one in environmental earth sciences and one in earth sciences. The prerequisites for the two majors are the same, but the courses recommended for the majors differ slightly. Students interested in modified majors, minors, or in interdisciplinary studies such as geophysics, geochemistry, oceanography, or environmental sciences, can shape their course of study according to their interests, and are encouraged to consult the Earth Sciences chair or undergraduate advisor.

Prerequisites for the earth sciences or environmental earth sciences major include one of the introductory courses (Earth Sciences 1-9 exclusive of 7), Chemistry 5 (or 10), and any one of the following taken at Dartmouth: Math 3, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, or 46. Earth Sciences 40, offered during the summer term, is a prerequisite for the off-campus field program in earth sciences, which is required for the major.

These fall term courses are recommended for first-year students (EARS).

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (EARS)

1. How the Earth Works
This course explores the making of our planet—from the big bang to the subsequent formation and evolution of the Earth. We investigate how earthquakes, volcanic eruptions, and global climate change are byproducts of our planet’s ceaseless activity, and see that these natural forces are essential for creating the conditions necessary for life in all its diversity. We will learn how to decode Earth’s dynamic history by reading the rock record preserved in rocks, oceans, and glaciers. We will also see that life is not only at the mercy of our planet’s natural forces, but since its inception has been an agent of environmental change as well, altering the Earth’s land, water, and air faster than many geologic processes. Dist: SLA.

6. Environmental Change
This course investigates the science of natural and human induced environmental change on a global scale. The Earth has never existed in a pristine balanced state, and an understanding of pre-industrial changes in the Earth’s environment provides important information that we can use to interpret current environmental change. Topics that will be discussed include: the evolution of the atmosphere, global temperature variation, sea level change, atmospheric trace gases and global warming, stratospheric ozone, acid rain and tropospheric ozone, human migration and landscape development, and global catastrophes. Dist: SCI.

18. Environmental Geology
This course takes an interdisciplinary approach toward understanding the Earth’s present and past environments as systems controlled by natural processes and impacted by human actions. Environmental issues, such as global climate change, acid rain, ozone depletion, and water resources and pollution, are discussed in this context. In the process of developing this understanding, students will gain skills in collecting, interpreting, and reporting scientific data. This course does not emphasize environmental policies, but instead the scientific knowledge and arguments behind them. However, case studies will allow students to gain appreciation of the complexity of scientific, social, cultural, and political interactions surrounding local and global environmental issues and sustainability. Dist: TLA.

Economics (ECON)
Economics is the study of how societies organize themselves to produce and distribute goods and services—from bread to iPads, from housing to health care. The world is constantly confronted with important public policy issues that are essentially economic in character. Economic analysis provides a coherent and principled framework for examining and understanding the tradeoffs involved in attempting to solve important social problems. Individuals who are not familiar with economics are at a serious disadvantage in the public debate over questions concerning government spending and social insurance, international trade policy, corporate governance and the stock market, and a host of other issues.

The starting point for the Economics major is Econ 1. It is a prerequisite for every other class in the major. The other prerequisites for the major are Econ 10, Introduction to Statistical Methods and Math 3, Introduction to Calculus. Students who have not satisfied the Math 3 requirement through their high school coursework should enroll in Math 3 in the fall or winter of their first year.

ADVANCED PLACEMENT
Students will receive placement out of Econ 1 (Microeconomics) if they score 5 on the Microeconomics Advanced Placement Exam, 6 or higher on the Higher Level International Baccalaureate exam, or an A in British A-Level Economics. Students who receive placement out of Math 10 via the AP Statistics exam are also exempt from taking Economics 10.

NON MAJOR COURSES
The majority of courses offered by the economics department can be used as part of the economics major. We offer one course, Econ 2, designed for non-majors. This is a general survey course for students who have had no previous college-level economics and who do not plan to take further economics courses.
Recommended Courses for First-Year Students

MAJOR COURSES
If you have an exemption from Econ 1 you can take any class that has only Econ 1 as a prerequisite. Many students take Econ 10 right after Econ 1 to complete the economics prerequisites. Econ 21 and 22 are logical next choices for potential majors, but students are welcome to take any course that looks interesting to them as long as they have the prerequisites. The following courses are suitable for first-year students. The required prerequisites are listed after each course. Unless otherwise noted, all courses are offered in fall, winter, and spring terms.

The following courses are recommended for first-year students (ECON):

1. The Price System
2. Economics Principals and Policies (F, S)
10. Introduction to Statistical Methods (Econ 1, Math 3)
20. Econometrics (Econ 10, Math 3)
21. Microeconomics (Econ 1, Math 3)
22. Macroeconomics (Econ 1, Math 3)
24. Development Economics (Econ 1, 10)
25. Competition and Strategy (Econ 1, Math 3) (W)
26. Financial Intermediaries and Markets (Econ 1) (W)
27. Labor Economics (Econ 1) (F)
28. Urban and Land Use Economics (Econ 1) (S)
39. International Trade (Econ 1)
71. Health Economics and Policy (Econ 1, 10) (W)
77. Social Entrepreneurship (Econ 1, 10) (W)

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (ECON)
01. The Price System: Analysis, Problems, and Policies
Emphasis will be placed on problems and policies of current interest as they relate to resource use and the distribution of income and output. Students will receive an introduction to the theory of supply and demand in both product and factor markets in order to examine selected topics drawn from such areas as industrial organization and antitrust policy, labor economics, international trade, economic development, agriculture, urban problems, poverty and discrimination, public sector economics, and environmental problems. Dist: SOC.

02. Economic Principles and Policies
This is a general survey course for students who have not, however, preclude subsequent enrollment in Econ 1. Dist: SOC.

10. Introduction to Statistical Methods
This course introduces the student to the basic concepts and methods of statistics. It covers descriptive statistics and inference (estimation and hypothesis testing) for a single variable and for two variables. The probability theory required for these topics will be developed. Dist: QDS.

21. Microeconomics
This course is a study of the pricing and allocation process in the private economy. Topics include the theories of demand and production, and the determination of prices and quantities for commodities and factors of production in competitive and non-competitive markets. Applications of the theory and its implications for empirical analysis are also considered. Dist: SOC.

22. Macroeconomics
This course is concerned with the behavior of the economy as a whole, particularly fluctuations in economic activity. General equilibrium models are developed to analyze the determinants of GNP, unemployment, the rate of inflation, and the growth of output. The micro foundations of macro aggregates are developed, with special emphasis on the role of expectations. The analytic tools are used to evaluate monetary and fiscal policies and to understand current macroeconomic controversies. Prerequisites: Math 3 and Econ 1. Dist: SOC.

26. Financial Intermediaries and Markets
This course examines the nature and function of financial intermediaries (e.g., banks, mutual funds, and insurance companies) and of securities markets (e.g., the money and capital markets and the market for derivatives). It analyzes liquidity and risk management and studies the efficiency, stability, and regulation of the financial system. Dist: SOC.

27. Labor Economics
This course studies the economic behavior of employers and employees as they interact in the labor market. The class will move beyond the basics of labor supply and demand to cover such topics as human capital investment, the structure and determinants of financial compensation and benefits packages, contract negotiations, and arbitration. Additionally, since many of the pressing problems facing the United States are labor market issues, this course will provide a basis for better understanding of nationally-debated issues such as reforms of the welfare system, the income tax system, immigration policy, and affirmative action programs. Dist: SOC.

38. Urban and Land Use Economics
This course is about the location of economic activities. The central focus is on urban areas and attendant problems in public economics, but some attention is given to agricultural, natural resource, and environmental issues. Topics include housing markets, transportation, local government structure, property taxes, resource depletion, and zoning and land use controls. Dist: SOC.

39. International Trade
This course deals with the causes and consequences of international trade and factor movements. Topics covered include theories of why nations trade, the consequences of trade for economic welfare and the distribution of income, the determinants of trade patterns, the tariff and other forms of commercial policy, trade policies of selected countries, and the formation of the multinational corporation. Dist: SOC or INT.

71. Health Economics and Policy
The goals of the course are: 1) to understand the economic forces that have created the current challenges in US healthcare; 2) to develop skills that enable you to determine what types of information, data, and analyses are needed to analyze the economics of health policies designed to expand coverage, improve quality, and contain costs; and 3) through in-class exercises and a project, to perform and present economic analysis of current topics relevant for state and federal health system reform.
16. Educational Psychology
In this course we will explore the multitude of ways that people learn, the effects of different types of teaching strategies on learning, and the impact of individual differences on learning. We will also explore assessment, creativity, and problem solving, as well as cultural and motivational influences on learning across diverse educational situations. Underlying the course will be an account of the way the human mind works, changes, and adapts in different settings. This includes the home, the school, the university, and any context in which explicit or implicit education takes place. Dist: SOC.

60. Learning and Education Across Cultures
What role does culture play in human learning and development? Do differences in learning and schooling across cultures lead to disparities in learning outcomes? We will (1) explore the influence culture has on cognitive, social, and moral development, (2) consider the diversity of views and practices regarding learning and education across cultures, (3) examine differences in academic systems and achievement across countries, and (4) discuss the implications for educational policy and practice in the US. Dist: SOC.

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (EDUC)

1. The Learning Brain: Introduction to Child Development and Education (F, S)
16. Educational Psychology (F)
20. Contemporary Issues in American Education (W)
51. Educational Testing (S)
59. Thinking about Thinking (W)
57. Social, Emotional, and Moral Development (S)
60. Learning and Education Across Cultures (F)
62. Adolescent Development and Education (F)

77. Social Entrepreneurship
This course provides an introduction to the theory and practice of social entrepreneurship, defined as the process of finding innovative, sustainable solutions to social problems, particularly those related to poverty. Students will learn about the nature and causes of poverty, both domestically and internationally, and about the role that social entrepreneurs play in addressing poverty. The course culminates with teams of students developing business models for their own social entrepreneurship ventures. Dist: SOC.

Education (EDUC)
For over one hundred years, the Department of Education has been an integral part of Dartmouth’s liberal arts tradition. In both courses and research, students explore learning, development, and education at multiple levels of analysis—from neurons to classrooms to communities. An interdisciplinary approach allows students to build a multifaceted and deep understanding of the complexities of the developing child, processes of learning, and the art and science of education; an understanding based on critical analyses of theory, practice, policy, and empirical data.

Most of our classes are open to all students, although we recommend taking EDUC 01 to start (see http://educ.dartmouth.edu/undergraduate/courses). The department offers a minor in Education. The minor is designed to help students explore how children grow, think, reason, learn a variety of skills and knowledge, and conceptualize their social and emotional worlds.

The following courses are recommended for first-year students (EDUC):

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16. Educational Psychology (F)
20. Contemporary Issues in American Education (W)
51. Educational Testing (S)
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60. Learning and Education Across Cultures (F)
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16. Educational Psychology (F)
20. Contemporary Issues in American Education (W)
51. Educational Testing (S)
59. Thinking about Thinking (W)
57. Social, Emotional, and Moral Development (S)
60. Learning and Education Across Cultures (F)
62. Adolescent Development and Education (F)

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (EDUC)

1. The Learning Brain: Introduction to Child Development and Education
Education, development, and learning are inextricably intertwined. We will explore how the science of learning and development connects with education from preschool to high school. Survey topics include school structure, teaching, assessment, motivation, memory, higher-level thinking, math, reading, science, and social and emotional development. For each topic, we will consider research from multiple perspectives, including neuroscience, developmental psychology, and education, in order to build a complex, interdisciplinary understanding of the typically developing learning brain. Dist: SOC.

The engineering sciences major followed by the Thayer School’s Bachelor of Engineering (B.E.) program is the usual route taken into the engineering profession. The major is also excellent preparation for medicine, law, business, or other careers that require an ability in quantitative analysis, design, and problem solving. The major may be modified with other sciences or with studio art, economics, public policy, or environmental studies. In addition to the standard major and to the modifications, we offer two other majors: Engineering Physics for students interested in applied physics or more fundamental aspects of engineering science, and Biomedical Engineering for students who wish to apply to medical school after Dartmouth. A new minor in Human Centered Design combines courses in engineering, computer science, and social sciences. More information about all these programs is available at the Thayer School website, Bachelor of Arts (A.B.) | Thayer School of Engineering at Dartmouth.

The engineering sciences department offers a number of courses that serve in satisfaction of the TAS distributive requirement and/or are complimentary to studies in other disciplines. For a list of these and other courses, consult the Thayer School website, Undergraduate Courses | Thayer School of Engineering at Dartmouth.

Most students who intend to study engineering begin by taking courses in mathematics and physics in the first year. One of the introductory courses ENGS 20 or 21 may be taken in the spring term (CS 1 and 10 may be taken instead of ENGS 20). However, there are many routes into the major and paths through the major, and prospective students should consult with an engineering professor to work out a course of study appropriate to their interests and preparation.

The Bachelor of Engineering degree usually requires up to an additional year of study beyond the Bachelor of Arts (A.B.). Financial aid for the additional terms is available from Thayer School. Some students with advanced standing are able to complete both the A.B. and B.E. degrees in as few as 12 terms. More information and sample programs are available at the Thayer School website, B.E. Degree Requirements | Thayer School of Engineering at Dartmouth.

English (ENGL)
The Dartmouth College English Department offers courses ranging across a thousand years of cultural history, from Beowulf to The Wire. Students in English work with some of the leading scholars and creative writers in the country. They study canonical figures such as William Shakespeare, Jane Austen, and Ernest Hemingway and contemporary writers such as Zadie Smith, David Foster Wallace, and Alison Bechdel. They engage with graphic novels, video games, and television drama, and they sometimes even make their own books in Dartmouth’s unique Book Arts Workshop.

The English Department is also home to Dartmouth’s Creative Writing Program. Students can practice the crafts of fiction, poetry, creative nonfiction, and more with our faculty of renowned writers. The Writing Workshops are small, intimate, and intense—ideal both for aspiring writers and for those who want to complement their critical studies with creative investigation. All English Department courses pay close attention to the language and structure of texts, the production of original creative and/or scholarly work, the development of critical vocabularies and theoretical models, and the cultural circumstances of textual production.

The following courses are recommended for first-year students (ENGL):

1: Literary History I: Literature Up to the Mid-17th Century
2: Literary History II: Mid 17th to the 19th Century
3: Literary History III: Literature in the 20th and 21st Centuries
And subsequent to the completion of Writing 5:
80: Reading and Writing Fiction
81: Reading and Writing Creative Nonfiction
82: Reading and Writing Poetry
Recommended Courses for First-Year Students

For a complete listing of English department course offerings in fall term, please consult the department website at http://english.dartmouth.edu/.

The department encourages first-year students to talk to individual professors about courses they would like to take.

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (ENGL)

1. Literary History I: Literature up to the mid-Seventeenth Century
An overview of English literature from the Anglo-Saxon period through the Middle Ages and into the seventeenth century.

15. Shakespeare: Poet and Playwright
A formal critical study of Shakespeare’s verse in six generic modes: comedy, history, tragedy, romance, epiphony, and sonnet.

28. Making Americans: Hipsters, Tricksters and Geniuses
A survey of American non-fiction narrative and other prose from the early republic to the rise of modernism, focusing on how literature constructs individual selves and national belonging while negotiating the pressures of transcendentalism, abolitionism, feminism, and class consciousness by means of aesthetic experimentation.

35. American Fiction: 1900-WWII
A study of major American fiction in the first half of the twentieth century, including works by Dreiser, Stein, Fitzgerald, Cathe, Larsen, and Faulkner, and a changing list of others.

52.17. Victorian Children’s Literature: Fairytale and Fantasy
An exploration of the genre of Victorian children’s literature, including Lewis Carroll’s Alice’s Adventures in Wonderland, Robert Louis Stevenson’s Treasure Island, Rudyard Kipling’s The Jungle Book, J.M. Barrie’s Peter Pan, and Frances Hodgson Burnett’s The Secret Garden.

Environmental Studies (ENVS)
Environmental Studies offers interdisciplinary courses that are of interest to students regardless of their major field of study. Our classes examine the biophysical and social issues behind important environmental problems such as global change, air pollution, loss of biodiversity, international environmental policy, and energy resources. Learning about the complexity of these problems is complemented by exploring possible solutions to these problems. Classes are offered on a diversity of topics such as ecological economics, environmental writing, environmental health, biogeochemistry of natural and human-disturbed ecosystems, and ecological agriculture. Students may major in environmental studies or may use environmental studies to modify other majors, or complete a minor in either environmental studies, sustainability, or environmental science. A foreign study program is offered in Southern Africa. The program has prerequisites and interested students should inquire by the beginning of the sophomore year, or earlier.

CREDIT ON ENTRANCE AND ADVANCED PLACEMENT
Students who have scored a 4 or 5 on the Environmental Science CEEB Advanced Placement Examination will receive credit on entrance for Environmental Studies 2. Credit on entrance appears on the Dartmouth transcript and does not count towards the 35 credits required to graduate.

The following courses are recommended for first-year students (ENVS):

2. Introduction to Environmental Science (W)
3. Environment and Society: Towards Sustainability? (F)
10. Introduction to Environmental Statistics (W)
11. Humans and Nature in America (W)
12. Energy and the Environment (S)
15. Environmental Issues of the Earth’s Cold Regions (S)
16. Business, Growth, and the Environment (F18)
17. Marine Policy (F)
18. Native Peoples in a Changing Global Environment (W)
19. Encountering Forests (S)

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (ENVS)

3. Environment and Society: Towards Sustainability?
What does a sustainable relationship between humans and the environment look like? The co-evolution of society and the environment involves complex and dynamic interactions whose consequences are hard (or impossible) to predict because causes and effects are often far apart in time and space. This course examines interactions between environmental and social processes from the perspective of sustainability. This course explores: the historical roots of unsustainability and the underlying mental models contributing to this state of affairs; the idea that resilience is the key to a sustainable relationship between society and environment; how institutions and power dynamics influence sustainability; and possible actions to facilitate transitions to sustainability while being mindful of paradigms and ethics. Dist: SOC.

17. Marine Policy
People use the oceans for transportation, recreation, food, mineral wealth, waste disposal, military defense, and many other important things. This course explores the most significant human-ocean interactions known today from two perspectives: science and policy. From the scientific literature, students will learn about issues ranging from the physical effects of sea level rise to the biological impacts of pollution events like the recent BP oil spill to the economic repercussions of overfishing. For each of the problems that are revealed by science, we will also critically evaluate relevant policy solutions to understand how institutional design can (or can’t) enhance human interactions with the oceans. Dist: SOC.

Film and Media Studies (FS)
The Department of Film and Media Studies has established a notable reputation for scholarship and production across various moving picture media. We offer a range of courses in the history and criticism of film, television and digital media as well as in screenwriting, filmmaking, videomaking, new media production (including computer games), and animation.

The following 2017-18 courses are open to first-year students: all of the courses we teach except FS 32, 34, 38, 40 and 50. Prerequisite courses especially recommended for first-year students interested in majoring in Film and Media Studies include:

1. Introduction to Film (F)
20. Film History I (Silent to Sound) (F)

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (FS)

1. Introduction to Film
Examines all the processes which go into the creation of a film from its inception to distribution, focusing on in-depth analysis of different kinds of films and the key technical and critical concepts used in understanding them. Experts (writers, directors, cinematographers, distributors) may talk on areas of expertise. Prerequisite to the major in Film and Media Studies. Dist: ART; WCult: W.

20. Film History I (Silent to Sound)
Detailed history of film from its origins to early sound films. Among the major topics will be: the rise of the feature film; the rise of the studio and star system; the tradition of silent comedy; European movements and their influence (German Expressionism, Russian Constructivism, and French Impressionism); and the coming of sound. Prerequisite to the major in Film and Media Studies. Dist: ART; WCult: W.

French and Italian (FREN) (ITAL)
Renowned for its innovative, successful teaching of French and Italian language, literature and culture, the Department of French and Italian is a strong presence in the Humanities that is committed to engaging students throughout their careers.

Some of the department’s students choose to major in language and literature; many others connect their study of Italian or French with courses in
government, economies, history, or the arts. Each student shares the excitement that comes from being part of a program that is designed to meet individual needs, talents, and aspirations.

**FRENCH (FREN)**

A series of three, one-term elementary courses (French 1, 2, and 3) gives students the foundations they need in the language and allows them to satisfy Dartmouth’s language requirement. They are then able to move on to the intermediate courses French 8 (Exploring French Culture and Language) and French 10 (Introduction to French Literature).

**COURSE PLACEMENT AND EXEMPTION**

Scores on the SAT II Subject Test and the CEEB Advanced Placement Examination will be used as follows:

**Course placement:**
1. A student who receives a score of 0-530 on the SAT II Subject Test will be placed in French 1.
2. A student who receives a score of 540-600 on the SAT II Subject Test will be placed in French 2.
3. A student who receives a score of 610-710 on the SAT II Subject Test or a score of 4 on the AP will be placed in French 3.

Exemption from the Language Requirement (French 1, 2, 3):

The following scores/grades will exempt students from the Language Requirement:
1. A score of 5 on the CEEB Advanced Placement Examination.
2. A score of 720 or higher on the SAT II Subject Test.
3. A grade of 6 or 7 on the Higher Level International Baccalaureate (IB)
4. A grade of “A” on the British A-Level

**EXEMPTION FROM FRENCH 8: DARTMOUTH’S ADVANCED PROFICIENCY EXAM**

An entering student who has been exempted from French 1, 2, and 3 is eligible to take the Advanced Proficiency Exam (APE) during New Student Orientation in September. A score of 90 percent or more earns exemption from French 8.

Note: French 8 (or exemption) and French 10 (see below) are prerequisites for participation in our Paris program; they are also required courses for all students who major or minor in French.

**STUDY PROGRAMS IN FRANCE**

The Department runs term-long programs in France every year: once in Lyon, once in Toulouse, and three times in Paris. To go on either the Lyon program in the winter or the Toulouse program in the spring, the prerequisites are French 1 and French 2. To go on the Paris program (FSP, Foreign Study Program) in either the fall, winter or spring, prerequisites are French 1, 2, 3, 8, and 10.

**TRANSFER CREDIT**

Transfer credit is not granted for French courses taken at other colleges and universities before matriculation at Dartmouth. The Department Chair may authorize exceptions for upper-level French courses for students transferring from another school after their first year. Transfer credit is never granted for French 1, 2 or 3.

**SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (FREN)**

1. **Introductory French I (F, W, S)**

   The French language in all skill areas: classwork emphasizes listening, speaking, reading, and writing. Students learn the basics of French grammar and acquire a broader understanding of French and Francophone culture through materials that enable them to use the language in context.

2. **Introductory French II (F, W, S)**

   Builds on skills acquired in French I. Students deepen their understanding and further their practice of French grammar. A broad variety of assignments improve proficiency in listening, speaking, reading, and writing, and enhance understanding of French and Francophone culture.

3. **Introductory French III (F, W, S)**

   Given on campus as the final course in the required sequence, or in France as part of the LSA (Language Study Abroad) curriculum in Lyon, this course refines spoken and written language skills by reinforcing grammatical structures and expanding vocabulary. Exposure to a broad spectrum of language styles ranging from colloquial to formal, and use of multiple French language sources such as literature, advertising, comics, and television.

Frequent oral and written assignments with a focus on culture.

8. **Exploring French Culture and Language (F, W, S)**

   Practice in the active use of the language combined with analysis of key aspects of French society. Students write papers and participate in discussions based on books, articles, and films emphasizing social and historical concepts. Prerequisite: French 3 or equivalent preparation. Dist: SOC; W Cult: W.

10. **Introduction to French Literature (F, W, S)**

   Different variations of the course are offered each term, but all deal in major figures, themes, or issues of French and Francophone writing. Students learn techniques of critical reading and interpretation. In Fall 2017, two sections of French 10 will be offered: The Anatomy of Passion and Living in Paris/Habiter Paris. Prerequisite: French 8 (or exemption). Dist: LIT; WCult: W.

**ITALIAN (ITAL)**

A series of three one-term intensive courses (Italian 1, 2, and 3) gives students the foundations they need in the language and allows them to satisfy Dartmouth’s language requirement. They are then able to move on to the intermediate courses, Italian 9 (Italian Culture) and Italian 10 (Introduction to Italian Literature).

Students interested in seeking Advanced Placement in Italian should inquire at the Department of French and Italian, 315 Dartmouth Hall, during New Student Orientation in September, or email franlits@dartmouth.edu.

**COURSE PLACEMENT AND EXEMPTION**

Scores on the SAT II Subject Test and the CEEB Advanced Placement Examination will be used as follows:

**Course placement:**
1. A student who receives a score of 0-530 on the SAT II Subject Test will be placed in Italian 1.
2. A student who receives a score of 540-600 on the SAT II Subject Test will be placed in Italian 2.
3. A student who receives a score of 610-710 on the SAT II Subject Test or a score of 4 on the AP will be placed in Italian 3.

Exemption from the Language Requirement (Italian 1, 2, 3):

The following scores/grades will exempt students from the Language Requirement:
1. A score of 5 on the CEEB Advanced Placement Examination.
2. A score of 720 or higher on the SAT II Subject Test.
3. A grade of 6 or 7 on the Higher Level International Baccalaureate (IB)
4. A grade of “A” on the British A-Level

**EXEMPTION FROM ITALIAN 8: DARTMOUTH’S ADVANCED PROFICIENCY EXAM**

An entering student who has been exempted from Italian 1, 2, and 3 is eligible to take the Advanced Proficiency Exam (APE) during New Student Orientation in September. A score of 90 percent or more earns exemption from Italian 8.

Note: Italian 8 (or exemption) and Italian 10 (see below) are prerequisites for participation in our Paris program; they are also required courses for all students who major or minor in Italian.

Prerequisite: French 8 (or exemption). Dist: LIT; WCult: W.

**STUDY PROGRAMS IN ITALY**

The Department runs term-long programs in Italy each term, but all deal in major figures, themes, or issues of French and Francophone writing. Students learn techniques of critical reading and interpretation. In Fall 2017, two sections of French 10 will be offered: The Anatomy of Passion and Living in Paris/Habiter Paris. Prerequisite: French 8 (or exemption). Dist: LIT; WCult: W.

Students interested in seeking Advanced Placement in Italian should inquire at the Department of French and Italian, 315 Dartmouth Hall, during New Student Orientation in September, or email franlits@dartmouth.edu.

**COURSE PLACEMENT AND EXEMPTION**

Scores on the SAT II Subject Test and the CEEB Advanced Placement Examination will be used as follows:

**Course placement:**
1. A student who receives a score of 0-530 on the SAT II Subject Test will be placed in Italian 1.
2. A student who receives a score of 540-600 on the SAT II Subject Test will be placed in Italian 2.
3. A student who receives a score of 610-710 on the SAT II Subject Test or a score of 4 on the AP will be placed in Italian 3.

Exemption from the Language Requirement (Italian 1, 2, 3):

The following scores/grades will exempt students from the Language Requirement:
1. A score of 5 on the CEEB Advanced Placement Examination.
2. A score of 720 or higher on the SAT II Subject Test.
3. A grade of 6 or 7 on the Higher Level International Baccalaureate (IB)
4. A grade of “A” on the British A-Level

**TRANSFER CREDIT**

Transfer credit is not granted for Italian courses taken at other colleges and universities before matriculation at Dartmouth. The Department Chair may authorize exceptions for upper-level Italian courses for students transferring from another
Recommended Courses for First-Year Students

school after their first year. Transfer credit is never granted for Italian 1, 2, or 3.

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (ITAL)

1. Introductory Italian I (F, W, S)
The Italian language in all skill areas: classwork emphasizes listening, speaking, reading and writing. Students learn the basics of Italian grammar and acquire a broader understanding of Italian culture through materials that enable them to use the language in context.

2. Introductory Italian II (F,W,S)
Builds on skills acquired in Italian I. Students deepen their understanding and further their practice of Italian grammar. A broad variety of assignments improve proficiency in listening, speaking, reading and writing and enhance understanding of Italian culture.

3. Introductory Italian III (F,W,S)
Refines spoken and written language skills by reinforcing grammatical structures and expanding vocabulary. Exposure to a broad spectrum of language styles ranging from colloquial to formal, and use of multiple Italian language sources such as literature, advertising, comics and television. Frequent oral and written assignments with a focus on culture.

STUDY PROGRAMS IN ITALY

The Department runs term-long programs in Rome every year: the Full Immersion Rome Experience (F.I.R.E.) in the summer, the LSA/LSA+ in Fall and the LSA+ in Winter. There are no prerequisites for F.I.R.E. The prerequisite for the LSA is Italian 2 with a grade of B or better, and the prerequisite for the LSA+ is Italian 3 with a grade of B or better.

Geography (GEOG)

Geographers study the material and symbolic transformation of the earth in relation to both human and natural processes. In keeping with contemporary global cultural, political, economic and environmental shifts in culture, the boundaries of the geographic discipline are dynamic. Central topics of study include, for example, international development, globalization, climate change, immigration, and new spatial technologies. Theories of space, scale, location, place, region, mobilities, and displacement allow geographers to critically analyze change in both human and physical environments.

Geography is both a natural science and a social science as it examines people and their environment, and serves as a bridge between the physical and cultural worlds. Human geography (a social science) is concerned especially with the political, economic, social, and cultural processes and resource practices that shape particular places and are shaped by them. Physical geography (a natural science) focuses on the earth systems that create the natural environment, such as weather, soils, biogeography, and earth sculpting processes.

CREDIT ON ENTRANCE AND EXEMPTIONS

Students who have scored a 5 on the Human Geography CEEB Advanced Placement Examination, a 7 on the Higher-Level International Baccalaureate in Geography, or an A on the Higher Level Geography A-Level Exam will receive credit on entrance for Geography 1. Students with an AP score of 4 will receive an exemption from Geography 1 as a prerequisite to the major.

The following courses are recommended for first-year students (GEOG):

1. Introduction to Human Geography (F, S)
2. Global Health and Society (F, W)
3. The Natural Environment (F)
4. Global Climate Change (S)
5. Introduction to International Development (F, W)
6. Climate Change and the Future of Agriculture (W)
7. Wilderness, Culture and Environmental Conservation (S)
8. Food and Power (F)
9. Urbanization and the Environment (F)
10. Indigenous and Development (S)
11. Economic Geography and Globalization (F)
12. Power, Territoriality, and Political Geography (S)
13. Social Justice and the City (W)
14. Carrer Geographies (W)
15. Immigration, Race, and Ethnicity (F)
16. Earth Surface Processes and Landforms (S)
17. The Global Food and Energy Landscape (S)
18. River Processes and Watershed Science (S)
20. Geographical Information Systems (S)
22. Black Women’s Activism: 1970-Present (S)

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (GEOG)

1. Introduction to Human Geography
The purpose of this course is to provide an understanding of how human societies organize their geographic space and why certain patterns emerge in the resulting human landscape. Theoretical and empirical studies of location, place, territoriality and geopolitics, migration, gender, economic change, and power are used to examine the geographic distribution of human activity. Geographic comparisons are drawn between the North and South, and on a regional, national, and local scale. Dist: SOC or INT; WCult: CI.

2. Global Health and Society
(Identical to International Studies 18)
Only a few decades ago, we were ready to declare a victory over infectious diseases. Today, infectious diseases are responsible for the majority of morbidity and mortality experienced throughout the world. Even developed countries are plagued by resistant “super-bugs” and antibiotic misuse. This course will examine the epidemiology and social impact of past and present infectious disease epidemics in the developing and developed world. The introduction of drugs to treat HIV/AIDS in sub-Saharan Africa will be considered from political, ethical, medical, legal and economic perspectives. Lessons from past and current efforts to control global infectious diseases will guide our examination of the high-profile infectious disease pathogens poised to threaten our health in the future. Dist: INT or SOC.

3. The Natural Environment
Our natural environment results from an array of climatic, biogeographic, and other physical processes that have changed dramatically over time in response to natural and human-induced disturbance. This course begins by presenting the fundamentals of atmospheric processes; then examines the physical controls on the resulting global pattern of landforms, soils, and vegetation biomes across spatial and temporal scales; and ultimately explains the form and pattern of the earth’s physical geography. Emphasis is placed on demonstrating the role of human disturbance on these natural processes through shifts in global climate, land use, deforestation, and other anthropogenic mechanisms. The media of presentation will be lecture and both field and laboratory exercises. Dist: SLA.

6. Introduction to International Development
(Identical to International Studies 16)
Why are some countries rich and others so persistently poor? What can and should be done about this global inequality and by whom? We address these development questions from the perspective of critical human geography. Focusing on the regions of Latin America, Africa, and Asia, we examine how development meanings and practices have varied over time and place, and how they have been influenced by the colonial history, contemporary globalization, and international aid organizations. Dist: SOC or INT; WCult: NW.

15. Food and Power
In a world glutted with food, why do millions still suffer chronic hunger? In an international community committed to free trade, why is food the most common source of trade wars and controversies? In a country where less than five percent of the population farms, why does the “farm lobby” remain so politically powerful? In societies where food has never been faster or more processed, why are organic and “slow” foods in such demand? These are among the questions this course will consider, drawing on the insights of both political economy and cultural analysis. Dist: SOC; WCult: NW.

18. Urbanization and the Environment
Over half the world’s population live in urban areas. The 1992 Rio Summit raised awareness of the potentially serious environmental, health, and social implications of continuing urbanization. This course explores the environmental effects of urbanization from an international comparative perspective. How do the environmental consequences of urbanization in the developing world (Global South) differ from those associated with the developed world (Global North)? How are notions of environment socially constructed as “nature” and how does this translate into political action in different places? The course critically assesses the
Have you noticed all the different courses that can fulfill the INT, SOC, or TMV distributive (“Dist”) requirements?

ability of planners to make lasting improvements in the urban environment. Dist: INT or SOC.

20. Economic Geography and Globalization
The new global economy has become integrated across national boundaries, profoundly altering the fortunes of countries, regions, and cities. This course addresses questions that stem from these changes: for example, why do industries locate where they do? What is the impact of foreign investment on local and regional economies? Why are rates of international migration increasing? What can workers and communities do after disinvestment and deindustrialization has occurred? Particular attention is devoted to the United States and the effects on minorities and labor of differential regional economic expansion, renewal, and decline. Dist: SOC.

28. Immigration, Race and Ethnicity
This course examines 20th century immigration to the United States and pays special attention to issues of race and ethnicity. The course begins with a brief history of US immigration and then theoretically covers specific topics such as economic impacts and costs, social mobility, citizenship, transnationalism, assimilation, and religious issues and their relationship to the immigrant experience. We feature nativist reactions to immigration and highlight differences within and between Latino, Asian, and European groups throughout the course. Dist: SOC; WCult: CI.

45. Exploring Nature and Culture in New England
Have you ever wondered why the forests of New Hampshire are filled with stone walls? Why Boston is a confusing mess for drivers? Why Vermont is famous for its artisanal cheeses? Or why Connecticut has the second highest wealth disparity in the country? Answering these questions requires new ways of thinking and writing about people and places. Dist: SOC; WCult: W.

50. Geographical Information Systems
Geographical information systems (GIS) are computer-based systems that process and answer questions about spatial data relative to concerns of a geographic nature. This course focuses on the basic principles of GIS, including data capture and manipulation, methods of spatial interpolation, and GIS trends and applications. The course is not intended to train students to be GIS operators; rather, to explain the fundamentals of this rapidly growing technology. Dist: TLA.

German (GERM)
The Department of German Studies introduces students to the language, literature, cinema, art, music, culture, and philosophy of Germany, Austria, and Switzerland. Its off-campus programs take place in the fascinating city of Berlin, and its students often win internships and prestigious fellowships here and elsewhere in the German-speaking world. Its students also often go on to highly successful careers in business, law, medicine, education, and engineering.

The Department welcomes students of all levels of proficiency, including those who have never learned German. Its elementary courses (German 1, 2, and 3) offer intensive training in hearing, speaking, reading, and writing the language. Intermediate courses (German 10.00, 10.01, 10.02, and 10.03) explore German culture while reinforcing grammar and expanding vocabulary. Courses taught in English (German 13 and 42-47) and advanced seminars (German 61-84) address a variety of specific literary and other topics. Completing German 3 satisfies Dartmouth’s foreign language requirement and signifies a level of fluency adequate for an intermediate course.

CREDIT ON ENTRANCE AND ADVANCED PLACEMENT
Students who score 720 or greater on the SAT II German test or who score 5 on the CEEB Advanced Placement Examination in German are exempted from Dartmouth’s foreign language requirement and place into any of the Department’s intermediate courses (10.00, 10.01, 10.02, and 10.03). Students who score 4 on the AP exam are placed into German 3. Students who have studied German but not taken the SAT II test or the AP Exam in German or who score less than 4 on the latter should take the departmental placement exam online (*).

TRANSFER CREDIT
Transfer credit is not granted for German courses taken at other colleges and/or universities before matriculation at Dartmouth. The departmental chair may authorize exceptions.

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (GERM)
1. Introductory German
2. Introductory German
   Introduce German as a written and spoken language as well as salient issues of everyday and cultural life in German-speaking countries.

3. Intermediate German
   Completes study of basic grammar, with emphasis on the expansion of vocabulary and development of conversational skills, as well as on the reading and discussion of texts of historical, literary, and general cultural interest.

10.01. Intermediate German Language and Culture: To Be Young and German

Investigates youth cultures in the German-speaking world, analyzing different ideas of youth and their political and cultural impact in four distinct units: fairy tales and nation building in the early nineteenth century; sexual awakening in the early twentieth century; authoritarian regimes of the mid- and late twentieth century; and youth rebellion in post-war and post-unification Germany. Dist: SOC; WCult: CI.

Government (GOVT)
Political science is a highly diverse field united around a core interest. Political scientists study power, especially power used for public purposes: how it is created, organized, distributed, justified, used, resisted, and sometimes destroyed. American political science is traditionally divided into four subfields: American politics, comparative politics, international relations, and political theory and public law. Students may choose to focus on one of these subfields or may select courses according to some other intellectual plan.

The prerequisite to the major is one course in statistics and the methods of social science — either Government 10, Economics 10 or Math 10. A standard government major comprises at least ten courses (beyond the prerequisite) chosen to constitute an intellectually coherent program. These courses should include two introductory courses, six additional courses at any level, an advanced seminar or the honors program as the senior culminating experience, and an additional advanced seminar. The minor in government consists of two introductory courses, four upper-level courses (Government 10 may count as one of the upper-level courses), and one advanced seminar, chosen to constitute an intellectually coherent program.

The following courses are recommended for first-year students (GOVT):
3. The American Political System (F, W)
4. Politics of the World (F, W, S)
5. International Politics (W, S)
6. Political Ideas (F, W, S)

SELECTED COURSES (GOVT)
3. The American Political System
   This course examines the political process as manifested in elections, public opinion, political parties, interest groups, the executive branch, the legislature, and the judiciary. The course emphasizes providing students with a theoretical framework for evaluating all political systems, including discussions of
Recommended Courses for First-Year Students

decision-making, bargaining, collective action, political power, and conflict. Dist: SOC; WCult: NW.

4. Politics of the World
This course examines democracy and dictatorship, revolutions and social movements, political development, and the nature of political regimes and institutions around the world. Students learn how political decisions are reached, how actors are mobilized, and whether and how authority can be exercised without being abused in a wide variety of political settings. Dist: SOC or INT.

5. International Politics (W, S)
This course introduces the systematic analysis of international society, the factors that motivate foreign policies, and instruments used in the conduct of international relations. Particular attention is given to power and economic relations; to cultural differences that may inhibit mutual understanding or lead to conflict; to nationalism and other ideologies; to the requisites and limits of cooperation; and to the historical structuring and functioning of international institutions. Dist: SOC or INT.

6. Political Ideas
The course is designed to introduce students to political philosophy. It opens with the classic contrast between Plato and Machiavelli concerning the problems of justice and power. The course then examines several basic positions in the development of modern political philosophy—liberalism, socialism, and conservatism. Among the individual thinkers considered as representative of these positions are Locke, J. S. Mill, Rousseau, Marx, and Burke. Dist: TMV.

10. Quantitative Political Analysis (F, W, S)
This course will provide students with useful tools for undertaking empirical research in political science and will help them to become informed consumers of quantitative political analysis. The course will first consider the general theoretical concepts underlying empirical research, including the nature of causality, the structure and content of theories, and the formulation and testing of competing hypotheses. The course will then employ these concepts to develop several quantitative approaches to political analysis. Students will be introduced to two statistical methods frequently used by political scientists: contingency tables and linear regression. By learning to systematically analyze political data, students will gain the ability to better conduct and evaluate empirical research in both its quantitative and qualitative forms. Dist: QDS.

Greek
(See program description under Classics.)

Hebrew
(See program description under Asian and Middle Eastern Languages and Literatures.)

History (HIST)
The Department of History offers a major, a minor, a modified major, and an honors program for outstanding students. These four approaches share a common aim: to provide a general background to the history of humanity throughout the world.

With its inherently strong sense of time, change, variety, and complexity, the discipline of history offers a constant antidote to cultural myopia and to the parochialisms of nation, class, and epoch. In a rapidly changing world, a historical awareness is more valuable than ever, for only by knowing of the past can we be free to be vigorously and genuinely contemporary.

Most courses fall into one of four areas: 1) United States, 2) Europe, 3) AALAC (Africa, Asia, Latin America, and the Caribbean), or 4) Inter-regional. The numbering system for history courses does not represent sequencing but rather designates subfields (e.g., all 40s- and 50s-level courses cover European history, all 60s- and 70s-level courses cover Latin American, African, and Asian history). Introductory-level courses that presume no prior work in the field are numbered 1-9.

A student is advised to begin studying in history with a course he or she finds interesting. The introductory surveys (History 1-9 as above) are encouraged as good entry points. Topics courses may demand greater amounts of reading and research, as well as more advanced writing proficiency and intellectual sophistication.

The history department sponsors a Foreign Study Program to London in the fall. Prerequisites include completion of two history courses. Students are also required to submit a proposal for an independent field project on a topic of British, European, American, or world history that makes use of London’s research opportunities. Participants are usually juniors.

ADVANCED CREDIT
Only transfer students may receive credit for courses taken at other colleges or universities prior to matriculation at Dartmouth.

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (HIST)
While we have listed below the introductory courses in history, there are also many upper-level history courses that are open to all students with few or no prerequisites. Consult the ORC or visit the department’s website for a complete list of departmental offerings.

1. Turning Points in American History
Students in this course will analyze and evaluate a very select number of “pivotal moments” over the past four centuries of American history. As an introduction to historical thinking and argumentation, the course will combine close scrutiny of documents from the past with an awareness of interpretive issues of contingency, determinism, and historical agency raised by leading contemporary historians.

3. Europe in Medieval and Early Modern Times
Emphasizing the analysis of primary sources, this course examines the foundation of Western European civilization from the fall of the Roman Empire to 1715. Topics include the origins of European nation states, the intellectual and cultural achievements of the Middle Ages and Renaissance, the rise of constitutionalism and absolutism, the economic and technological roots of Europe’s global dominance, as well as the social, political, and religious crises that divided the continent. Lectures and small discussion groups.

5.3. The History of China since 1800
This survey course traces China’s social, political, and cultural development from the relative peace and prosperity of the high Qing period, through the devastating wars and imperialist incursions of the nineteenth century, to the efforts, both vain and fruitful, to build an independent and powerful new nation. Open to all classes.

5.4. Introduction to Korean Culture
This course provides an introduction to Korean culture and history, examining Korea’s visual and textual expressions from the pre-modern age to the twentieth century. What are the origins of Korean...
national and cultural identities? How have Korean claims of cultural distinctiveness been manifested and modified over time? Tracing answers to these questions simultaneously helps us to consider how and why Korea has entered America’s consciousness. As Korea matters to the U.S. not simply as a fact but as a project, this course avoids portraying Korea through any generalized statements or uncritical categories. Rather, students are encouraged to explore novel perspectives on Korea and thereby unravel their own prejudices and agendas. No prior acquaintance with the Korean language is required.

5.5. The Emergence of Modern Japan
A survey of Japanese history from the mid-nineteenth century to the present. Topics to be covered include the building of a modern state and the growth of political opposition, industrialization and its social consequences, the rise and fall of the Japanese colonial empire, and the postwar economic ‘miracle.’

8.04. History of Sexuality
How have historical processes produced distinct sexual practices and identities over time? This course engages 300 years of a history that often evaded the historical record or was deliberately purged from it and asks how more traditional topics of U.S. historical inquiry—immigration, citizenship, economic organization, intellectual and artistic production, racialization, formal politics, law, religious practices—can yield new insights when sexual history is included as a legitimate dimension of analysis.

9.1. Empires and Colonies in North America, 1500–1763
This course will explore the ways European colonies in North America were woven into empires, focusing primarily on French, Dutch, and English endeavors. It will discuss how they envisioned empires, how they hoped to profit from them, how they sought to manage them, and how much control officials really had over disparate colonial societies. It will also consider imperialism from the perspectives of those who confronted it—Native Americans, indentured servants, sailors, merchants, and slaves.

Humanities 1 and 2 (HUMS)
Humanities 1 (Fall term, Dialogues with the Classics) and Humanities 2 (Winter term, The Modern Labyrinth) form a two-semester course designed to introduce first-year students to the subject matter and intellectual perspectives of the humanities. Students engage with professors and each other in small and intense discussion sections, and meet with professors for individual writing conferences. Faculty from a variety of departments in the School of Arts & Sciences (e.g., Spanish and Portuguese, Art History, Classics, and Middle Eastern Studies) also lecture from week to week on texts from a range of historical periods, national traditions, and literary genres. Humanities 1 and 2 draw students who love reading, who enjoy immersing themselves in books that have profoundly influenced human culture from the ancient world onwards, and who are not daunted by intellectual challenge. The Humanities sequence lays an excellent foundation for further study in departments across the humanities and social sciences, from religion to anthropology and from English to government.

Completing Humanities 1 satisfies the Writing 5 requirement; completing Humanities 2 fulfills the First-year Seminar requirement.

Students interested in taking Humanities 1 and 2 must apply for acceptance into the sequence by July 26, 2017. For further information on how to apply, please see www.dartmouth.edu/~hums1-2/.

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSE (HUMS)
1. Dialogues with the Classics
Through a selection of compelling books and artworks from antiquity to the present, the course introduces students to key moments in global, especially Western, culture. The interpretative approaches taken to these works, and the connections drawn from one to another, will prepare students for further study in multiple areas across the humanities and social sciences. Readings have recently included texts by Tolstoy, Homer, Munro, Forster, Dante, Borges, Kawabata, Shakespeare, Vergil, Klay, and Machiaveli, as well as units on opera, 20th-century European art, and contemporary theater.

International Studies (INTL)
The Dickey Center offers an interdisciplinary minor in international studies that allows Dartmouth students, regardless of major, to become educated in the cross-cutting global forces that shape the vital issues of our day. These issues — environmental change, global health crises, global inequality, terrorism and violence — transcend boundaries by their very nature, and as such cannot be understood from a single disciplinary perspective. At the same time, a strong disciplinary grounding is essential for providing a rigorous training and relevant bodies of knowledge to ascertain facts and understand values. The international studies minor aims to make students cognizant of the interplay between local and global processes, human and environmental interactions, and places, identities and culture, and to prepare them to live productive, responsible lives in an interconnected and rapidly changing world.

Please visit the Dickey Center’s website for more information about the minor and a complete listing of courses: http://dickey.dartmouth.edu/teaching-learning/international-studies-minor.

The six-course sequence for the minor includes four multidisciplinary courses, one advanced language course, and one elective course of international scope. None of the international studies courses have prerequisite requirements and all are open to first-year students for enrollment.

The following courses are recommended for first-year students (INTL):

15. Violence & Security (W)
16. Introduction to International Development (F, W)
17. Cultures, Places, & Identities (F, W, S)
18. Global Health & Society (F, W)

Italian
(See program description under French and Italian.)

Japanese
(See program description under Asian and Middle Eastern Languages and Literatures.)

Jewish Studies (JWST)
The Jewish Studies Program serves to provide a focal point for the various courses in Jewish religion, literature, history, society, and culture that are given at Dartmouth as well as to sponsor special course offerings and a variety of academic activities related to the discipline. The program currently offers a minor. Hebrew language is taught in AMELL.

The following courses are recommended for first-year students (JWST):

06. Introduction to Judaism (F)
11. History and Culture of the Jews II: The Modern Period (F)
24.01. The Hebrew of the Bible (W)
36.02. Jewish Views of Christianity (W)
62. Jewish Mysticism (W)

Although Hebrew is not required for the Jewish Studies minor, we strongly encourage students to consider studying Modern and/or Biblical Hebrew, which are offered through AMELL.

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (JWST)
06. Introduction to Judaism
This course offers an introduction to Judaism by examining three of its central spiritual manifestations: (1) development, observance, and study of the Halaka (religious law); (2) philosophical contemplation; and (3) mystical experience and theosophical speculation. Ancient and modern challenges to the tradition will be studied in some detail, and an attempt will be made to determine what might constitute a unity of such a diverse tradition.

11. History and Culture of the Jews II: The Modern Period
This course is a lively introduction to major events in Jewish life of the past two hundred years. These include study of the Jews in Europe, Russia, North Africa, Middle East, and the United States. Events examined in the course include the development of different forms of Judaism’s religious practices and beliefs; Hasidism; Zionism and the State of Israel; and cultural and political developments during the post-WWII era.

37. History of the Holocaust
The course will examine key aspects of the history of the Holocaust that claimed close to six million Jewish lives between 1939 and 1945. The course will pay close attention to the background of Nazi
Recommended Courses for First-Year Students

anti-Semitism within the context of a radical and utopian racism that planned large-scale ethnic cleansing and the mass murder of undesirables: mentally ill and handicapped Germans, many Sinti and Roma, and millions of Slavs. Another important goal of this course is to individualize and contextualize the Jews under Nazi occupation who, all too often in studies of the Holocaust, have been depicted as a mass of anonymous victims without agency or community.

40. Israel/Palestine
This course examines the history of Zionism, Palestinian nationalism, the formation and development of the State of Israel, conflicts in the Middle East, and Israeli cultural developments, including literature, film, religious thought, and new forms of Jewish identity.

Latin
(See program description under Classics.)

Latin American, Latino, and Caribbean Studies (LALACS)
LALACS is an interdisciplinary program that offers courses on Latin America, Latinos in the United States, and the Caribbean. This region of the world includes the world's most—and least—dynamic economies, rich and complex cultures, and complicated and vital transnational relationships. Our courses in Latin Studies are well suited to help all Dartmouth students understand the United States and how to navigate in a country in which Latinos will soon comprise one third of the population.

We teach students how to think critically about the relationship between the U.S. and its neighbors. LALACS courses include anthropology, art history, geography, government, history, literature, religion, and theater. All courses are taught in English.

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (LALACS)

1. Introduction to Latin America and The Caribbean
This interdisciplinary course introduces students to the geographical conditions, historical roots, and enduring cultural diversity of Latin America and the Caribbean. After a brief survey of the physical and cultural geography of the region, the course examines the history of selected countries to highlight the way European conquest and colonialism have molded Latin American institutions and post-colonial past. Finally, the course draws on these historical and anthropological understandings to assess recent economic, social, and political developments in Latin America. By juxtaposing historical realities with their living consequences, the course presents a multi-disciplinary perspective on the nature, dynamics—and future prospects—of the many peoples who inhabit this vast and diverse continent.

Dist: SOC; WCult: NW. Voekel.

20. The Politics of Development
In LACS 20 we will consider the political and ethical issues of international development programs in Latin America with a focus on Nicaragua. This course promotes an expanded model of international community-based learning in the context of Nicaragua, through collaborative projects and community service that address the health care and development needs of this region. Through guided ethnographic research, group projects and presentations, reflections, and portfolios, students will examine some of the pitfalls and best practices of development in the region. Moody. Dist: SOC; WCult: CI.

Linguistics (LING)
Linguistics is the scientific study of human language. Linguists investigate essential aspects of languages’ sounds and sound systems, their word and sentence structures, meaning, sociocultural contexts for language use, and language change. Students majoring in linguistics take most of their courses within the program, though there are relevant courses in other departments and programs.

Linguistics 01, taught each fall, winter, and spring, offers an introductory description of human language and its use; this course serves as a prerequisite for subsequent study in linguistics.

The following courses are recommended for first-year students (LING):
1. Introductory Linguistics (F, W, S)
11.11 Languages of the World (F)
11. Language and Cognition (F)
11. Languages of China (W)
17. Sociolingustics (S)
20. Experimental Phonetics (LING 01 Prerequisite) (S)
24. Discourse Analysis (LING 01 Prerequisite) (S)
27. Historical Linguistics (LING 01 Prerequisite) (W)

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (LING)

1. Introductory Linguistics
An introduction to the scientific description of human language. The course teaches methods of analyzing languages’ sound systems (phonology), word structure (morphology), sentence patterns (syntax), and systems of meaning (semantics and pragmatics). Some important implications of linguistics for the study of human cognition and cultural behavior will be discussed. Staff. Dist: QDS.

11.11 Languages of the World
This course examines cross-cultural differences as manifested in languages of the world and the way these languages are used by their speakers. We will take an in-depth look at five languages—Japanese, Swahili, Jacalet, Mohawk, and Cape York Creole. In each unit we will start with a brief examination of the structure of that language, and then branch out to a broader discussion of one or more larger, cross-linguistic phenomena and how they are manifested in that language. These include: politeness and social solidarity; universal patterns of word order and word formation; multilingualism and language choice; language and ethnic identity; case and agreement systems; endangered languages and language revitalization; and pidgins and creoles. Ernst. Dist: INT.

11. Language and Cognition
This course examines some of the interrelationships between language and thought. Do people who speak different languages think differently? What does language tell us about the ways in which people conceptualize objects and ideas? How does language relate to other cognitive processes? Is language a uniquely human ability? Topics include linguistic relativism, folk taxonomies, metaphor, causation, space, time and gender. No prior courses in linguistics or cognitive science are required. Whaley. Dist: SOC.

Mathematics (MATH)
The Department of Mathematics offers a wide variety of courses for interested students. Many (but not all) students begin their study of mathematics at Dartmouth by taking a Calculus course appropriate to their preparation. Students who have not had the opportunity to take Calculus before coming to Dartmouth should take Mathematics 1, which is an introduction to Calculus that reviews appropriate pre-calculus material. Students whose SAT II Math Subject Test scores suggest that this sequence may be appropriate for them will be placed by the department in Mathematics 1, but students who have not had Calculus before may self-place into Mathematics 1 as well. Students completing Mathematics 1 who wish to continue the Calculus sequence continue in Mathematics 3, where they revisit some of the core topics in Mathematics 1 in more depth while applying them in new ways.

Students who have seen some aspects of calculus before should assess their placement through our Math Placement System on Canvas. Those who do not place into Mathematics 8 or 11 should take Mathematics 3. Normally, no student who has completed any portion of a Calculus course before matriculation will take Mathematics 1. Students with concerns or confusion about their placement should consult the Math Placement System and/or the First-Year Advisor for Mathematics.
The following courses are recommended for first-year students (MATH):

1. Introduction to Calculus (F)
2. Calculus (F, W)
3. Applications of Calculus to Medicine and Biology (S)
4. Exploring Mathematics (F, W)
5. First-Year Seminar (S)
6. Calculus of Functions of One and Several Variables (F, W, S)
7. Multivariable Differential Calculus with Linear Algebra (F)
8. Introduction to Statistics (S)
9. Accelerated Multivariable Calculus (F)
10. Multivariable Calculus (F, W, S)
11. An Introduction to Mathematics Beyond Calculus (W, S)
12. Discrete Probability (F, S)
13. Linear Algebra (F, S)
14. Differential Equations (F, W, S)
15. Linear Algebra (Honors Section of Mathematics 22) (W, S)
16. Introduction to Combinatorics (W)

CREDIT-ON-ENTRANCE AND ADVANCED PLACEMENT

Qualified students may receive credit on entrance for one or two terms of Calculus (Mathematics 3 and 8) with advanced placement into a higher course. In awarding credit on entrance and advanced placement, the Department of Mathematics bases its decisions on results of the CEEB Advanced Placement examinations and/or a departmental exam given at Dartmouth (see our Math Placement System on Canvas). Students with exceptional preparation should contact the mathematics department prior to or during New Student Orientation. The Mathematics 3 syllabus is similar to that of high school AB calculus. However, the sequel, Mathematics 8, is quite different from the BC calculus course: the first half corresponds to BC topics but the second half covers multivariable calculus. To better place students with BC experience, we offer Mathematics 11, which covers all of multivariable Calculus. A student who receives a score of 4 or 5 on the CEEB Advanced Placement Examination for Calculus BC receives credit for Mathematics 3 and 8 and is placed into Mathematics 11. In this case, completing Mathematics 11 finishes the calculus sequence. A student who receives a score of 4 or 5 on the CEEB Advanced Placement Examination for Calculus AB or for the AB subscore of a BC exam, receives credit for Mathematics 3 and is placed into Mathematics 8. For students who think they may be qualified for Advanced Placement in mathematics, but who did not take either CEEB Advanced Placement Examination, or who feel their CEEB scores do not reflect their current qualifications, we offer local placement and credit exams. Students who scored a 3 on the AB exam or the AB Subscore are particularly encouraged to take the local department exam for credit in Mathematics 3. Students who scored a 3 on the BC exam may wish to take the local department exam for credit in Mathematics 8. All students are encouraged to review their Calculus before the examination. Students who have advanced credit for Mathematics 3 but do not have additional credit and wish to continue the Calculus sequence, typically begin with Mathematics 8.

At the end of Mathematics 8, the student may elect to take Mathematics 13 (Calculus of Vector Valued Functions) or any other course (e.g., 20, 22) for which Mathematics 8 is the sole prerequisite. Students with advanced credit for Mathematics 3 and who receive credit for Mathematics 8 based on the local placement exam, and wishing to continue with the Calculus sequence are placed in Mathematics 11 in the fall. The most commonly chosen subsequent courses are Mathematics 24 (Honors Linear Algebra) in the winter, Mathematics 22 (Linear Algebra) in the spring, and/or Mathematics 23 (Differential Equations) in the winter or spring.

SELECTED FALLTERM COURSES (MATH)

1. Introduction to Calculus
   This course is an introduction to single variable Calculus for students who have not taken Calculus before. Students who have seen some Calculus, but not enough to place out of MATH 3, should take MATH 3. MATH 1 reviews relevant techniques from Algebra and Pre-Calculus, covers the manipulation and analysis of functions, including polynomial, trigonometric, logarithmic, and exponential functions, an introduction to convergence and limits, continuity, rates of change and derivatives, differentiation rules, and applications to approximation. Students wishing to continue their study of calculus after MATH 1 take MATH 3. Dist: QDS.

2. Calculus
   This course is an introduction to single variable calculus aimed at students who have seen some calculus before, either before matriculation or in MATH 1. MATH 3 begins by revisiting the core topics in MATH 1—convergence, limits, and derivatives—in greater depth before moving to applications of differentiation such as related rates, finding extreme values, and optimization. The course then turns to integration theory, introducing the integral via Riemann sums, the fundamental theorem of calculus, and basic techniques of integration. Dist: QDS.

3. Calculus
   This course is a sequel to Mathematics 8 and provides an introduction to Calculus of vector-
Recommended Courses for First-Year Students

Music (MUS)
The thirty-five full and part-time faculty in the Department of Music offer a diverse and comprehensive curriculum. Introductory music courses intended for the general student body cover topics from beginning music theory to opera. In addition, specialized courses in the history of Western art music, jazz, American music, music technology, world music, and digital music composition are offered frequently. All qualified students may also receive private instruction for credit in string, brass, woodwind, and percussion instruments; classical or jazz piano; or voice. For individual instruction in voice and instruments (Music 53 through 58), three terms of instruction count as one full course credit; the enrollment and credit are recorded in the third term. There is at least one first-year seminar taught in the department each year in addition to a number of experimental courses in contemporary composition or improvisational techniques. Introductory music courses are: Music 1-16, 20 and 25. Prerequisites for the major are Music 20 and 25.

The following are recommended first-year courses (MUS):
2. The Music of Today (F)
3. American Music (S)
4. Global Sounds (S)
5.02. History of Jazz Since 1959 (F)
6. Masterpieces of Western Music (W)
7. First-Year Seminar: Video-Game Music (W)
8. Programming for Interactive Audio-Visual Art (W)
10. Lives and Works of the Great Composers (F)
17.04 Interdisciplinary Studies: The Art, Science, and Symbolism of Musical Instruments (W)
20. Introduction to Music Theory (F, S)
21. Melody and Rhythm (prerequisite: Music 20) (F)
25. Introduction to Sonic Arts (W, S)
32. Improvisation (F)
40. Composer Seminar (F)
45.05. Topics in World Music: Polyphony (W)
45.06. Topics in World Music: Land of the Silk Road (S)
45.08. Topics in World Music: Cities, Subjects, and Sonic Africa (F)
50. Performance Laboratories, Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 (F, W, S)
53–58. Studies in Musical Performance (Individual Instruction Program) (F, W, S)

ADDITIONAL PLACEMENT
Students may be exempt from Music 20 by passing a local placement exam administered by the Department of Music during New Student Orientation (*). Students who successfully pass placement tests for Music 20 will not be required to take this course as a prerequisite for the major. Students who have taken music theory in high school or who have extensive knowledge of music through performance experience are encouraged to write to the chair of the Department of Music for additional information.

TRANSFER CREDIT
Students who wish to receive Transfer credit for college music courses taken prior to matriculation at Dartmouth should see the chair of the Department of Music early in the fall term.

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (MUS)

2. The Music of Today
From Sonic Youth, They Might Be Giants, Battles, Peter Schickele/PDQ Bach, John Zorn, Philip Glass, Arvo Part, Ligeti, Xenakis, Tan Dun, Christian Wolff, to Indonesian Quran Reciter Maria Ufiq, this course investigates the sound and ideas of punk/alternative/experimental rock bands, the avant-garde Jazz phenomenon, comic music parody, American and European minimalism, experimentalism, complexity, and ethnic fusion in contemporary classical music.

5.02. History of Jazz After 1959
This class examines developments in jazz, starting with historic 1959 recordings by Ornette, Coltrane, and Miles Davis, followed by soul jazz, modal jazz, jazz funk, the avant-garde, big bands, Afro-Latin jazz, and world jazz. Class work includes close listening, discussions, collaborations, and in-class presentations. Students also complete required reading, listening, and writing assignments and attend jazz performances, resulting in a deeper understanding and appreciation for jazz and improvisation, both worldwide and in our daily lives.

10. Lives and Works of the Great Composers Topic TBA

20. Introduction to Music Theory
This course begins a sequence in harmony and theory and is intended for those who may consider a music major or minor. Topics include music notation, interval identifications, common practice scales and modes, harmonic function, melodic construction, and formal analysis. In addition, students will have an opportunity to improve skills in rhythmic, melodic, harmonic dictation, sight singing, and score reading. Prerequisite: the ability to read music in two or more clefs, or permission of the instructor.

50. Performance Laboratories
Performance Laboratories provide weekly coaching and instruction in diverse forms of music making, and are open by audition to all Dartmouth students. Course work centers on musical readings, discussion, and informal performance of selected repertory chosen both for its intrinsic interest and for its relevance to the contents of course syllabi within the Music Department. Performance Laboratories may be taken for credit (three terms equals one credit) or on a not-for-credit basis. Subject to space availability, students may enroll in different laboratories during different terms. Terms of enrollment need not be consecutive.

Native American Studies (NAS)
Through the study of culture, literature, history, law, and contemporary issues, Native American Studies courses seek to enrich our understanding of Native Americans. Dartmouth’s Native American Studies Program is one of the oldest, and is known as one of the best in the country. Most courses in the program are open to all students. Courses may be used as a major or minor in Native American Studies.

The following courses are recommended for first-year students (NAS):
8. Perspectives in Native American Studies (F, S)
14. (HIST 14) The Invasion of America: American Indian History Pre-Contact to 1830 (F)
15. (HIST 15) American Indians and American Expansion: 1800 - 1924 (S)
18. (ENVS 18) Native Peoples in a Changing Global Environment (W)
22. Native American Politics (W) NAS
35. (ENGL 32) Native American Literature (S)
42. (WGSS) Gender Issues in Native American Life (F)

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (NAS)

8. Perspectives in Native American Studies
The growing field of Native American Studies is inherently interdisciplinary. This course gives an overview of the relevant intellectual and cultural questions of tribal expression, identity, traditional thought, continuity, and sovereignty. Using readings from the areas of literature, philosophy, visual arts, anthropology, philosophy of history, and cultural and political discourse, we will examine how their discourses are used to promote or inhibit the ongoing project of colonialism in indigenous communities and lives. Dist: SOC; WCult: NW.

14. The Invasion of America: American Indian History Pre-Contact to 1830
This course surveys the history of the American Indians from contact with Europeans to c. 1830. It provides an overview of the major themes and trends in Indian history, supplemented by case studies from a number of regions and readings that illuminate particular issues. The overall context of the course is the conflict generated by the colonial drive of European nations and the U.S. and their citizens, but the primary focus is the historical experience of Indian peoples and their struggles to retain their cultures and autonomy while adapting to great changes in the conditions of their lives. Dist: SOC; WCult: NW.

42. Gender Issues in Native American Life
This course will address a range of topics concerning gender that are of particular significance to indigenous communities. These topics will be considered from historical, political, cultural, and
social perspectives. In the context of this class, the term “indigenous” is a category that includes tribal nations of the United States including Hawaii, the First Nations of Canada, and the indigenous people of Australia and New Zealand. We will explore their responses to misconceptions of tribal gender roles and identities projected upon Native people by the agents and institutions of settler colonialism. This approach opens a broader discussion about roles and identities projected upon Native people by the agents and institutions of settler colonialism. The benefits of a philosophy major extend well beyond philosophy, and our students go on to pursue careers in many areas, including law, film and media, medicine, finance, the arts, and academia. Please visit the department website for a complete listing of courses: philosophy.dartmouth.edu.

The following courses are recommended for first-year students (PHIL):
1.01 Introduction to Philosophical Topics (F, S)
1.05 Reasons, Values, Persons (F)
1.09 Science, Superstition, and Skepticism (F)
3. Reason and Argument (F)
6. Logic and Language (W, S)
7. First-Year Seminars in Philosophy (W)
8. Introduction to Moral Philosophy (W)
9. Topics in Applied Ethics (F, W, S)

TRANSFER CREDIT
At most two transfer credits may be counted toward the major, but transfer credit cannot be used to satisfy the advanced seminar requirement.

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (PHIL)
1.05 Reasons, Values, Persons
We will consider such questions as: What makes a life worth living? What makes a life a good life? What, if anything, makes a life meaningful? What is the secret of happiness? What is the good life? Which things are valuable? What are the goods? What make some lives better than others? What is freedom? Are you free? What, if anything, do personhood, freedom and morality have to do with one another?

1.09 Science, Superstition, and Skepticism
Most of us believe that matter is made up of atoms, that smoking causes emphysema, and that the universe is billions of years old. Few believe that Virgos are hot-tempered, that you can see the future through a crystal ball, or that baking soda cures AIDS. We often hear that the difference between such beliefs is that one sort is based on science and the other is not. But what makes a method of inquiry into the world distinctively scientific? And what makes us justified in believing on the basis of these methods? This course is an introduction to the philosophical theory of knowledge that focuses on the knowledge that science is purported to offer. Possible topics include competing theories of justification, scientific induction, the nature of explanation, probability, scientific ‘revolutions’, the goals of science, trust in scientific authority, and skepticism.

3. Reason and Argument
An introduction to informal logic with special attention to the analysis of actual arguments as they arise in daily life as well as in legal, scientific, and moral reasoning. Along with the analysis and criticism of arguments, the course will also consider the methods for constructing arguments that are both logically correct and persuasive.

9. Topics in Applied Ethics
An examination of the ethical dimensions of some contemporary controversies. Topics will vary from year to year but may include: business, death, discrimination, the environment, gender, law, media, race, sex, technology, and war.

Physics and Astronomy (PHYS) (ASTR)
The Department of Physics and Astronomy offers a variety of introductory courses for students of different interests.

ASTRONOMY (ASTR)
Astronomy 1, 2, 3, and 4 are intended primarily for students who do not plan to major in a physical science. These courses have no prerequisites and any one of them may be taken independently of the others. Students who wish a more technical introduction to astronomy and astrophysics are encouraged to take Astronomy 15 and/or 25. Math 3 and an introductory physics course (or permission of the professor if such a course was taken in high school) is required for enrollment in Astronomy 15.

Students interested in majoring in astronomy should consult Professor John Thorstensen. A brochure describing the major, including research opportunities for undergraduates, is available from the department office in 105 Wilder.

Astronomy now has a Foreign Study Program in South Africa, open to both majors and non-majors. Physics 13/14 and 15/16, with the addition of some modern physics. These courses are aimed at students who do not plan to major in a physical science. Physics 1, 2, and 5 are intended primarily for students who do not plan to major in a physical science. These two courses together cover the material of Physics 13, Physics 14, and Physics 19. Students who complete Physics 15/16 have sufficient math to move into intermediate physics (40% level).

Physics 3 (F, X) and Physics 4 (W, S) are somewhat less in-depth treatments of the topics covered in Physics 13/14 and 15/16, with the addition of some modern physics. These courses are aimed at students interested in the life sciences or medical school. They do not serve as engineering prerequisites. Relatively few first-year students take these courses.

Students interested in majoring in physics or engineering physics should consult the departmental undergraduate advisor, Professor Kristina Lynch. A brochure describing the major, including research opportunities for undergraduates, is available from the department office in 105 Wilder.

Here is an example of an introductory sequence for a student entering with no math or physics exemptions:
F - Math 3
W - Physics 13, Math 8
S - Physics 14, Math 13
F - Physics 19

Students entering with exemption from Math 3 or 8 may opt to take:

How do the courses you have circled connect to your interests, talents, and dreams?
Recommended Courses for First-Year Students

F - Physics 13, Math 8
W - Physics 14, Math 13
S - Physics 19 or 31

Students with exemption from Math 3 or 8 and placement into Physics 15 via the departmental local placement exam may opt to take:

F - Physics 15, Math 8 or 13
W - Physics 16, Math 13 or 23
S - Physics 31 or 40's level

CREDIT ON ENTRANCE AND ADVANCED PLACEMENT
A score of 4 or 5 on CEEB Advanced Placement Examinations in Physics results in Physics 3 exemption for the C-Mechanics exam, and Physics 4 exemption for the C-Electricity exam.

Exemption from Physics 3, 4, 13, or 14 can also be earned by passing a local placement exam given by the department (*). The exam may be taken by those who have had a substantial physics background in high school.

Students who have a grade of A in A-Level Physics are eligible for exemption from Physics 3 and 4 without taking the local placement exam.

Students are admitted to the accelerated sequence (Physics 15/16) based on (a) having placement into Math 8 or 9 or higher, and (b) satisfactory performance on a local placement exam administered at the testing center during New Orientation Student (*).

Students receiving pre-matriculation exemption from Physics 13 and Physics 14 based on the local placement exam may take Physics 19 in the fall or spring of their first year; provided they have the Math prerequisite (Math 13).

TRANSFER CREDIT
Students who wish to receive transfer credit for college physics courses taken prior to matriculation at Dartmouth should see the undergraduate advisor (Professor Kristina Lynch) of the Department of Physics and Astronomy during Orientation. Such students may be required to pass a proficiency examination in order to obtain credit.

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES
ASTRONOMY (ASTR)
2. Exploring the Universe
A survey of contemporary knowledge of the nature and the evolution of stars, our Galaxy, other galaxies, dark matter, the expanding universe, and the big bang. Physical processes underlying these phenomena are discussed. Identical to Astronomy 3, but without the observing laboratory. Dist: SCL.

3. Exploring the Universe, with Laboratory
See description above. Students will make observations with radio and optical telescopes. Supplemental course fee required. Dist: SLA.

PHYSICS (PHYS)
3. General Physics I

The fundamental laws and phenomena of mechanics, heat, wave motion, and sound, including relativistic concepts. The sequence Physics 3-4 is designed primarily for students who do not intend to take Physics 19. Prerequisite: Mathematics 3. Dist: SLA.

13. Introductory Physics I
The fundamental laws of mechanics. Reference frames. Harmonic and gravitational motion. Thermodynamics and kinetic theory. Physics 13, 14, and 19 are designed as a three-term sequence for students majoring in a physical science. Supplemental course fee may be required. Prerequisite: Mathematics 3 and 8 (at least concurrently). Dist: SLA.

15. Introductory Physics I, Accelerated Section
Physics 15 and 16 are an alternative sequence to Physics 13, 14, and 19 for students whose substantial background in physics and mathematics enables them to study the material at a greater speed than is possible in regular sections. Classical dynamics of particles and rigid bodies. Special Relativity. Introduction to Quantum Mechanics including wave-particle duality of radiation and matter. The Uncertainty Principle and the Schrodinger equation in one spatial dimension. One laboratory period per week. Supplemental course fee may be required. Prerequisite: Mathematics 8 or 9 concurrently, and achieving a threshold score on the physics departmental placement exam offered during New Student Orientation. Dist: SLA.

Portuguese (PORT)
(See program description under Spanish and Portuguese.)

Psychological and Brain Sciences (PSYC)
Psychologists are interested in understanding observable behavior and in developing models of the underlying cognitive and physiological processes. Neuroscientists are interested in understanding how the brain functions, drawing from psychology, biology, chemistry, engineering, medicine, and computer science. The Department of Psychological and Brain Sciences offers courses in social interaction, sensation and perception, the physiological basis of behavior, cognitive neuroscience, human and animal learning, cognitive and language processes, social and cognitive development, personality, and the behavior disorders. The Department offers a major and minor in Psychology and a major and minor in Neuroscience.

Psychology 1 (Introductory Psychology) serves as a broad-based introduction to psychology as the science of behavior. This course is prerequisite for the Psychology major. Psychology 6 (Introduction to Neuroscience) is the prerequisite for the Neuroscience major.

The following courses are recommended for first-year students (PSYC):
1: Introductory Psychology (F, S)
6: Introduction to Neuroscience (F, W)

ADVANCED PLACEMENT
The department does not offer credit for Advanced Placement. Students who believe their preparation in Psychology is particularly strong may take a local placement exam during Orientation to determine if they should be exempted from Psychology 1 (*).

Students who have received Advanced Placement credit for Statistics and who are considering becoming Psychology majors should take the Methods in Psychological Science local placement exam during Orientation, which will be used to determine whether or not the student is exempt from Psychology 10 (Statistical Methods) and placed into Psychology 11 (Laboratory in Psychological Science)(*).
TRANSFER CREDIT
It is possible for entering students to obtain transfer credit for Psychology 1 if they have taken an introductory psychology course at a four-year college or university. In order to qualify for such recognition, a grade of C or better is required. Students who wish to apply for such recognition should submit a syllabus, the title, author, and edition of the text used, and a transcript to the department. Courses taken in secondary schools or two-year colleges will not be considered for credit. The decision to award credit will be based on the materials submitted.

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (PSYC)
1. Introductory Psychology
A course designed to serve as a general introduction to the science of human behavior. Emphasis will be placed upon the basic psychological processes of perception, learning, and motivation as they relate to personality, individual differences, social behavior, and the behavior disorders. Dist: SOC.

6. Introduction to Neurosciences
This course provides students with an introduction to the fundamental principles of neuroscience. The course will include sections on cellular and molecular neuroscience, neurophysiology, neuroanatomy, and cognitive neuroscience. Neuroscience is a broad field that is intrinsically interdisciplinary. As a consequence, the course draws on a variety of disciplines, including biochemistry, biology, physiology, pharmacology, (neuro) anatomy, and psychology. The course will begin with in-depth analysis of basic functions of single nerve cells. We will then consider increasingly more complex neural circuits, which by the end of the course will lead to an analysis of the brain mechanisms that underlie complex goal-oriented behavior. Dist: SCI.

Public Policy (PBPL)
The Nelson A. Rockefeller Center sponsors an interdisciplinary minor in Public Policy for students of all majors who seek a coherent program of study organized around public policy challenges, such as health, education, the environment, leadership, and law. The minor in Public Policy allows students to build on their coursework taken in departments across campus by exploring various theoretical concepts of governance and socioeconomic interaction and applying them to the real world of public policymaking. The Public Policy minor complements any major offered at Dartmouth, whether in the sciences, social sciences, or arts and humanities. Many students build an international dimension into their minor.

The six-course sequence for the minor includes a gateway public policy process course, Public Policy 5: Introduction to Public Policy; a choice of two 40-level public policy tools and methods courses from among eight courses offered on a regular basis during the four academic terms; and three courses in a particular public policy domain, including a capstone public policy seminar. Incom-
**Recommended Courses for First-Year Students**

15. The Christian Tradition (F)
16. Modern Islam (S)
18. Indian Buddhism (W)

**TRANSFER CREDIT**

Since the quality of instruction in religion at colleges and universities varies widely, the Religion Department is hesitant to approve courses for pre-matriculation and/or transfer credit and does so only in rare cases. The department requires a full syllabus noting required readings and the name of the instructor for any course in religion presented for pre-matriculation credit. Application for credit should be made through the chair of the department as soon as possible in the fall of the first year. The Department of Religion does not normally approve more than one course per student for transfer or pre-matriculation credit.

**SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (REL)**

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<tr>
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<td>19.14</td>
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**1.04 Beginnings and Ends of Time**

This course examines the visions of the emergence, decline, and extinction of the world in several religious cultures: Judaism, Christianity, Buddhism, Daoism, and contemporary USA. After investigating different ideas of how the world came to exist and various views of the end of time, we will compare different notions of salvation by which various religious cultures tried to assuage fears of the end of the world. With expectations for messianic redemption or visions of power these catastrophic imaginings and ideas of salvation served as the basis for missionary work and conversion as well as impetus for social and political transformations, rebellions, wars, imperial programs.

**1.05 Religion and Gender**

Are all religions sexist? How can we know? This course is about approaches to the study of religions from the perspective of gender. We will read foundational works of religious history and feminist and queer theology that shed light on questions such as how normative masculinity, femininity, and sexual identity are defined across religious traditions, what is the difference between religion and culture in constructing gender and gender roles; and how are religious ideas gendered. In asking these questions we will focus on scholars’ interpretive methods in order to understand how variant they are and how important they are in creating meaning out of religious texts and practices about gender and gender roles. Specific topics will include the body, embodiment of religious rituals, purity, menstruation, religious authority, marriage and divorce, sexuality and sexual ethics, and motherhood.

**2. Religion in the Modern World**

Ecological concerns, gender, economies, warfare, and biogenetics are among the many important issues in the modern world where policy and practice are decisively shaped by religion. In this course we will first try to understand what we mean by the term “modernity” and what features are characteristic of it. Then we will consider and discuss a series of topics related to modernity and religion. Readings are designed to include both topical cases and classic works in the study of religion and modernity.

**6. Introduction to Judaism**

This course offers an introduction to Judaism by examining three of its central spiritual manifestations: (1) development, observance, and study of the Halakah (religious law); (2) philosophical contemplation; and (3) mystical experience and theosophical speculation. Ancient and modern challenges to the tradition will be studied in some detail, and an attempt will be made to determine what might constitute a unity of such a diverse tradition.

**8. Introduction to Islam**

This course will provide students with useful tools for reading about, thinking about, or otherwise engaging with Islam and Muslims. It is first a survey of important topics in the study of the religion of Islam, including the Qur’an and the Prophet, the role of Islamic mysticism, Islam and the state, Islamic law, and Islamic theories of family and person. We also discuss Orientalism and the western study of Islam, so that we can understand ourselves as students of the Islamic tradition.

**15. The Christian Tradition**

An introduction to the variety of Christian beliefs, institutions, and practices from the first century to the end of the sixteenth century. Attention will be focused on understanding how Christian communities adapted and developed religious beliefs and practices in the face of changing historical circumstances.

**Russian (RUS)**

The study of Russian offers you a passport to the culture of the world’s largest country. Russia covers eleven time zones. Its vast forests are sometimes called “the lungs of Europe and Asia” as they oxygenate Eurasia. Lake Baikal, which contains 20% of the Earth’s fresh water, attracts tourists, scientists, and students alike (among them a number from Dartmouth). Siberia, southern Russia, and the Russian far north contain vast untapped natural resources. Representing the letter ‘R’ among the so-called BRIC nations, Russia has become a global economic player and remains a major military power. Even after the Cold War, Russia presents an ideological and geopolitical challenge to Western liberal democracies.

The Russian language gives you access to one of the world’s richest artistic traditions including Russia’s phenomenal literary tradition (with its realist masters, Tolstoy and Dostoevsky); its unique visual arts, from religious icons to Kandinsky’s Suprematism; its innovative music from Chaikovsky to Stravinsky; and its ground-breaking cinema by major directors from Eisenstein to Tarkovsky. Knowledge of Russian and Russian culture will open doors to careers in government, journalism, national and cyber security, the military, and energy.

Since Russian 1 is offered only in the fall term, interested students should start taking the language in the fall of their first year. Three one-term courses (Russian 1, 2, 3) provide basic fluency in the elements of the Russian language. Russian 3 satisfies the College language requirement and is the prerequisite for participation in the department’s LSA+ in St. Petersburg. It also qualifies students for Russian 27 and 28, which serve as gateway courses for many of the department’s more advanced language courses. Four years of the language are offered, as are many courses in literature and linguistics. Those students who wish to major and have two options: a major in language and literature, with an emphasis on one or the other; or a major in area studies, with courses about Russia taken in both the Russian department and other Dartmouth departments, such as History, Government, Geography, and Economics. Most of the literature courses are taught in English, with the Russian majors doing extra work that draws upon their knowledge of the language. Most majors participate in the department’s summer LSA+ at the University of St. Petersburg, but the program is open to all Dartmouth students with one year of Russian.

The following courses are recommended for first-year students (RUS):

1. 2, 3. Introductory Russian (F, W, S)
7. First-year seminar (W)
13. Slavic Folklore: Vampires, Witches and Firebirds (F)
17. Russian Fairy Tales (S)
31. Transgressive Novels: Masterpieces of Russian Fiction (W)
32. 20th Century Russian Literature: Revolution, Terror, and Art (S)
36. The Seer of the Flesh: Tolstoy’s Art and Thought (S)
38.04. Madmen, Holy Fools, and Fanatics in Imperial Russia (W)

**ADVANCED PLACEMENT**

Graduation credit is not granted for secondary school courses in Russian, but students with secondary school Russian should take the Russian Department’s local placement exam (*). Students who demonstrate sufficient knowledge will thereby...
how organizations work, as well as to gain an understanding of the impact of organizations on society and in our lives. Anthony. Dist: SOC; WCult: W.

Spanish and Portuguese (SPAN) (PORT)
Spanish and Portuguese is a lively and bustling department located in Dartmouth Hall, the historic architectural center of the campus and the focal point for the study of foreign languages, literatures, and cultures. Students who take classes in our department not only acquire linguistic and cultural competence in Spanish and Portuguese, but are also better equipped to face the new challenges posed to globalized citizens of the 21st century. Our courses prepare students to understand the cultural, political, and historical issues in the Hispanic and Lusophone worlds and enrich their critical thinking about national identities, gender, race and ethnicity, migration in and outside the US, imperialism and coloniality, and the role of Spanish and Portuguese studies in the Humanities at large. Examples of future course offerings include topics such as “Todo Borges,” “Hispanophilia/Hispanophobia: Then and Now,” “Dark Mirror: The Spanish Detective Novel,” and “Latin American Film.”

Our off-campus programs are located in Buenos Aires, Cusco, Barcelona, Madrid, Santander, and São Paulo. We are also affiliated with the University of Havana.

The majors offered are (a) Hispanic Studies, (b) Romance Studies, (c) Modified Major in Hispanic Studies, and (d) Modified Major in Lusophone Studies.

The minors offered are in Hispanic Studies and Lusophone Studies (Literature and Culture of the Portuguese-speaking world).

PORTUGUESE (PORT)
Two one-term intensive introductory courses (PORT 1 and 3) furnish the basic training to satisfy the language requirement and to prepare for intermediate courses (PORT 20 on campus) or for participating in our LSA+/FSP to São Paulo in winter.

SPANISH (SPAN)
Three one-term introductory courses (SPAN 1, 2, and 3) furnish the basic training in language to satisfy the language requirement and to prepare for the intermediate courses (SPAN 9 and 20).

** COURSE PLACEMENT **
Which class should I take if I wish to continue with my studies in Spanish at Dartmouth College?
If I have taken the SAT II test:
- 0 – 410: Spanish 1
- 420 – 590: Spanish 2
- 600 – 680: Spanish 3
- 690 or better: Spanish 9

If I have taken the AP exams:
AP Language 4 or 5: Spanish 9
AP Literature 4: Spanish 9
AP Literature 5: Spanish 20

** Pay attention to the breadth of the liberal arts curriculum as well as the potential depth of an area of study. **

satisfy the language requirement and be eligible for Russian 27; students whose knowledge is substantially greater will receive credit on entrance for Russian 27 and be eligible for Russian 28 or higher-level courses.

** TRANSFER CREDIT **
Students who wish to receive credit for college Russian courses taken prior to matriculation at Dartmouth should see the Chair of the Department of Russian early in the fall term.

** SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (RUSS) **
1. First-Year Course in Russian
Introduction to Russian as spoken and written language.

In this course, we will discuss a variety of genres from Russian folklore. As we move from the familiar genre of the riddle to the often-mystifying beliefs and rituals of the ancient Slavs and then to the fairy tale, comfortably familiar from childhood, we will learn to not only recognize the richness and density of texts that may initially seem uncomplicated but also to discern the patterns and meanings behind the apparently exotic narratives and behaviors. By thoroughly studying one of the world’s richest oral traditions—Slavic folk life and folklore—we will acquire the tools and techniques necessary for collecting, documenting, and interpreting folklore, which is perhaps the most truly international of all arts. The course is based on materials in Russian and East European cultures, but also draws from other traditions. Open to all classes. Dist: INT or LIT; WCult: W.

Sociology (SOCY)
Sociology enables us to understand how the dynamics of society affect and are shaped by individuals. It seeks first to describe the various forms of social structure which we all inhabit—groups, organizations, communities, social categories of class, sex, age, or race, and social institutions such as the economy, family, politics, and religion. Next, sociology seeks to explain how those structures affect patterns of human attitudes, behaviors, and opportunities, and simultaneously how individuals through collectivities construct, maintain, and alter social structure.

The curriculum of the Department of Sociology includes courses on social psychology and social change; organizations, and institutions; social movements and political sociology; and class, gender and race inequalities. Sociology offers a standard or modified major, a standard minor, and two specialized minors: Markets, Management and the Economy; and Social Inequality. Requirements for majors and minors are explained in the ORC and on our website: http://sociology.dartmouth.edu.

The following are recommended first-year courses (SOCY):
1. Introductory Sociology (F, S)
2. Social Problems (W)
10. Quantitative Analysis of Social Data (F, W)
11. Research Methods (W, S)
13. Sociological Classics (F, W)
20. Population and Society (W)
23. Social Movements (F)
26. Capitalism, Prosperity, and Crisis (S)
27. Organizations in Society (F)
30. Deviance and Social Control (S)
31. Youth and Society (W)
32. Self and Society (S)
34. Health Disparities (W)
35. Sociology of Mental Health (F)
36. Sociology of Family (S)
38. Status and Power (S)
46. Constructing Black Womanhood (W)
47. Race and Ethnicity (W)
49. Religion and Political Economy (S)

** SELECTED FALL TERM COURSE **
27. Organizations in Society
Much of modern life takes place within a wide variety of complex, formal organizations, from multi-national corporations, to churches, from social service agencies to volunteer organizations. In this course we will learn about the structure, internal processes, and environments of different forms of organization. Our focus is on sociological theories and empirical research, from a macro-sociological perspective. Our objective will be to learn about
Recommended Courses for First-Year Students

Students who scored 5 on the AP Literature exam receive one credit on entrance for Spanish 9.


If I have taken the IB exam: 6 or 7 on the higher-level IB exam: Spanish 20. Students receive one credit on entrance for Spanish 9.

Students who have not taken SAT II, AP, British A level, or IB exam scores must take the Department placement exam (*) if they wish to continue with their Spanish studies at Dartmouth. The exam is offered online for incoming first-year students from August 1–August 25. Upon completing the exam, the course for which you should register will be indicated. All students who place out of Spanish 3 on the local placement exam will be required to take an oral exam on campus during Orientation. There will be a make-up exam on October 16 only for students who missed the August 1–25 online exam. For more information about language classes and the online exam (including password), see the department website link. Students who have lived or studied abroad for more than six months should contact the Language Program Director for further placement information.

If you have studied Portuguese before coming to Dartmouth or have other experience with the language, you must take the Portuguese Placement Test (PPT) to be placed in the appropriate level class. The PPT consists of two parts: one written and one oral. The written part tests knowledge of grammar, reading comprehension, and writing composition. The written exam is followed by an interview that tests oral comprehension. It is offered in the fall and winter during the first week of classes. Students interested in taking the PPT should contact Professor Rodolfo Franconi or Professor Carlos Minchillo in order to take the test.

**TRANSFER CREDIT**

Transfer credit is not granted to incoming first-year matriculating students for Spanish and Portuguese (Language 1, 2, 3) courses taken at other colleges and universities before matriculation. For transfer credit for equivalent courses 9 and above email the Language Program Director (for Spanish) or Professor Rodolfo Franconi (for Portuguese).

**SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (SART)**

1. **Spanish I**

   Introduction to spoken and written Spanish. Intensive study of introductory grammar and vocabulary with a focus on culture and communication. Oral class activities, readings, and compositions. Weekly practice in the virtual language lab includes media, full-feature films, and weekly drill sessions. Never serves in partial satisfaction of the Distributive or World Culture Requirements.

2. **Spanish II**

   Continuation of Spanish 1. Further intensive study of grammar and vocabulary with a focus on culture and communication. Oral class activities, readings, and compositions, and continued practice in the virtual language laboratory. Weekly drill sessions. Never serves in partial satisfaction of the Distributive or World Culture Requirements. Prerequisite: Spanish 1, or a Placement Test score over 350.

3. **Spanish III**

   Continuation of Spanish 2. Spanish 3 provides additional, intensive study of grammar and vocabulary with a focus on literature and culture. Oral class activities, readings, and compositions, and continued practice in the virtual language laboratory. Weekly drill sessions. Completion of this course on campus or as part of the LSA constitutes fulfillment of the language requirement. Never serves in partial satisfaction of the Distributive or World Culture Requirements. Prerequisite: Spanish 2, or a Placement Test score over 475.

9. **Culture and Conversation: Advanced Spanish Language**

   This course serves as a bridge between Spanish 3 and Spanish 20. Through the intensive study of a variety of media (e.g. documentaries, TV programs, podcasts, films), grammar, vocabulary, and speech as presented in the course packet, students will actively practice listening and speaking, and hone their writing skills with the goal of reaching an Intermediate High Level on the ACTFL scale. Topics and materials may vary each term. Prerequisite: Spanish 3; score of 600 or better on the SAT II test; AP Lang 4 or 5, or AP Lit 4; Placement Test score over 600; or permission of the instructor. It serves as a prerequisite for the LSA+ program or Spanish 20.

20. **Writing and Reading: A Critical and Cultural Approach**

   Spanish 20 is the first course of the major/minor, and serves as transition between the skills acquired through the Spanish language courses (Spanish LSA or equivalent preparation) and those needed for all upper-division courses (30 and above). Through the study of critical and theoretical vocabulary, and the reading of short stories, poems, films, theatrical plays, and journalistic articles, students will acquire analytic tools to comprehend and analyze several types of texts. This course is also designed to familiarize students with different textual genres and a wide array of literary and interpretative key concepts. Prerequisite: Participation in one of the Spanish LSA programs; Spanish 9 or 15; exemption from Spanish 9 or 15 based on test scores (see department website); or permission of instructor. Spanish 20 may be taken in conjunction with 30-level survey courses. It serves as a prerequisite for all Spanish courses 40 and higher. Dist: LIT.

**Studio Art (SART)**

The Department of Studio Art provides students the opportunity to participate in a strong studio program within the liberal arts context. Classes are taught by well-established artists, whose work is exhibited throughout the U.S. and abroad. Students have full use of large, well-equipped studio facilities.

Course offerings include all levels of: architecture, drawing, painting, photography, printmaking, and sculpture. Classes are open to all Dartmouth undergraduates, but are limited in size to encourage individual expression and close personal interaction between faculty and students.

Senior majors are encouraged to focus in one or two areas of concentration for their culminating experience. Many establish themselves in art related careers after graduation. Sculpture I, Drawing I, and Special Topics DO NOT have a prerequisite, and no prior knowledge of any of these courses is required.

**The following courses are recommended for first-year students (SART):**

15. **Drawing I**

16. **Sculpture I**

17. **Special Topics**

**SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (SART)**

15. **Drawing I**

In this introductory course, major and non-major students will explore the issues of mark, line, scale, space, light, and composition. Students will develop their own critical ability as well, enabling them to discuss the work presented in class. Although the majority of work will be from the observed form, such as still life and the human figure, non-observational drawing will also be emphasized. Various kinds of charcoal, ink, and pencil will be the primary media used. Supplemental course fee required. Dist: ART.

16. **Sculpture I**

The emphasis of this course is to make and critique sculpture. Three-dimensional design concepts and various elements of sculpture such as form, space, surface, and time, will be discussed. Students will develop an understanding of different materials and techniques in conjunction with the aesthetics of each medium. This course focuses on an individual approach to creative problem solving, with students developing skills and art terminology to critique their own sculpture and that of others. Supplemental course fee required. Dist: ART.

17.01 **Special Topics: Collage**

An exploration of the design and construction of imagery through the medium of collage. Students will work in mixed media collage materials from a variety of subject matter with a focus on the development of critical abilities and an individual esthetic. Assignments will make use of collage as a connection between two-dimensional and three-dimensional artwork, addressing collage work in relationship to drawing, painting, relief sculpture, photography, and architecture. Supplemental course fee required. Dist: ART.
Take time to read the course descriptions. Reflect, consider options and opportunities, and allow different facets of your experience and personality to impact your course choices.

Theater (THEA)
The Department of Theater welcomes all Dartmouth students to participate in the study and practice of theater. While the department does offer a theater major and a minor, students do not have to be majors or minors to participate. Students from all parts of campus are invited to enroll in theater courses and to participate in the department’s busy production program as actors, directors, playwrights, designers, stage managers, dramaturges, and technicians. Students interested in auditioning for our fall musical should visit our website for up-to-date information at http://theater.dartmouth.edu/. We also encourage students to visit our exciting Open House during orientation.

In order to provide students with a solid foundation in all aspects of theater study, the department offers a wide range of both classroom and studio-oriented courses. Courses in dramatic literature, theater history, and criticism are balanced by offerings in practical aspects of theater production such as performance, directing, design, playwriting, stage management, and theater technology. Students who wish to major or minor in theater are assisted in designing a program that covers both the scholarly and practical aspects of the theater. Non-majors are invited to enroll in theater classes, as well as to participate in all aspects of the production program.

Our Foreign Study Program (FSP) occurs in the summer, and students may participate as early as the summer after their first year. Students spend ten weeks in London studying at the London Academy of Music and Dramatic Art and attending up to thirty performances at a variety of London theaters, all of which is paid for by the program. Students receive three Dartmouth credits for the FSP. Prerequisites for the FSP include either Theater 15, 16, or 17 and one course in theater practice: Theater 26, 27, 29, 30, 36, 41, 42, 44, 45, 48, 50 or Theater 10 (upon approval from the Chair).

The following courses are recommended for first-year students (THEA):
1. Introduction to Theater (F)
10. Special Topics in Theater (W, S)
15. Theater and Society I: Classical and Medieval Performance (F)
16. Theater and Society II: Early Modern Performance (W)
17. Theater and Society III: 19th and 20th Century Performance (S)
21. Race, Gender, and Performance (W)
22. Black Theater, USA (F)
24. Asian Performance Traditions (S)
25. Solo Performance (F)
26. Movement Fundamentals I (W)
30. Acting I (F, W, S)
36. Speaking Voice for the Stage (W)
40. Technical Production (F, W, S)
42. Scene Design I (F)
44. Lighting Design I (F)
48. Costume Design I (S)
50. Playwriting I (F, S)
54. Directing I (S)

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES (THEA)
15. Theatre and Society I: Classical and Medieval Performance
This course explores selected examples of world performance during the classical and medieval periods in Western Europe and eastern Asia. Plays to be discussed might include those by Aeschylus, Sophocles, Euripides, Aristophanes, Seneca, Plautus, Terence, and Zeami. Through the reading and discussion of primary and secondary texts, we seek to situate selected performance texts within their sociopolitical and artistic contexts. Dist: ART or INT; WCult: W.

22. Black Theater, U.S.A.
This course will examine African American playwrights, drama, and theater from 1959 to the present. Further exploration will focus on the impact of civil rights, the Black Arts movement, and cultural aesthetics on the form, style, and content of African American plays. Readings will include plays of Hansberry, Baldwin, Baraka, Kennedy, Childress, Shange, Wolfe, Wilson, Parks and others. Dist: ART; WCult: CI.

25. Solo Performance
This course will introduce and engage the history, texts, topics, theoretical guideposts, and landmark figures/performances central to the genre of solo performance. Working between critical examination and practice, participants will analyze the form and content of leading solo performers while also composing a series of short exercises that activate solo performance strategies and methods. The course will culminate in the creation of a participant’s self-authored, short solo performance piece. Dist: ART.

26. Movement Fundamentals I
An introduction to movement for the stage, this course will animate the interplay between anatomy, movement theories, and performance. Through exploration of physical techniques, improvisation, and movement composition, students will experience a fundamental approach to using the body as a responsive and expressive instrument. Assignments will include readings, written work, class presentations, mid-term exam, and final paper. Dist: ART.

30. Acting I
This course is a basic introduction to acting technique for the stage. The course is designed to develop the ability to play dramatic action honestly and believably, using realistic/naturalistic material as well as self-scripted autobiographical writing. Course work includes exercises and improvisations, monologues and scene work. Out-of-class assignments include required readings from acting texts and plays, attendance at local stage productions, rehearsals, and journal writing. Permission to enroll will be given based on an interview with the instructor. Dist: ART.

40. Technical Production
This course is an introduction to the technical aspects of scenic and property production, exploring traditional and modern approaches. Topics include drafting, materials and construction, stage equipment, rigging, and health and safety. The course consists of lectures and production projects. Open to all students with instructor’s permission. Dist: ART.

50. Playwriting I
The aim of this course is for each student to write the best one-act play she or he is capable of writing. This undertaking will involve a number of preliminary exercises, the preparation of a scenario, the development of the material through individual conferences, and finally the reading and discussion of the student’s work in seminar sessions. The course is limited in size and requires the permission of the instructor. Preregistration is not permitted. Dist: ART.

Women’s, Gender, and Sexuality Studies (WGSS)
The Women’s, Gender, and Sexuality Studies Program at Dartmouth College, the first such program in any of the previously all-male Ivy League colleges, offers multidisciplinary and cross-cultural courses on gender and gender-related issues, including a concentration in Sexuality and LGBT Studies. Our program faculty includes over 70 faculty members drawn from the Arts and Humanities, Social Sciences, and Sciences. The Women’s, Gender, and Sexuality Studies Program enriches the traditional liberal arts curriculum by celebrating the multiplicity of gender and sexual identity (male, female, gay, lesbian, transgendered, etc.) and
Recommended Courses for First-Year Students

by helping students understand how gender and sexuality intersect with other social markers like those of class, race, and ethnicity.

Courses in WGSS are rich and diverse as faculty share their cutting-edge research on topics such as identity formation, power and politics, knowledge formation, gender and the visual arts, family and community, gender and economic development, gender and health, etc. In partnership with the Asian and Middle Eastern Studies Program, we offer an annual Foreign Study Program in Hyderabad, India. Most courses are open to all students and may be taken for elective credit, as part of the Women’s, Gender, and Sexuality Studies Major, Minor, Modified Major, or to satisfy distributional requirements. For globally minded students, Women’s, Gender, and Sexuality Studies works with the Gender Research Institute and the Dickey Center for International Understanding to co-sponsor international internships in gender-focused organizations. Recent experiences have taken students to India, Guatemala, Kosovo, and the Dominican Republic.

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSE (WGSS)

10. Sex, Gender, and Society
How has current thinking about sex, gender, and sexuality formed our experiences and understandings of ourselves, the world we inhabit, and the world we envision? This course investigates basic concepts about sex, gender, and sexuality and considers how these categories intersect with issues of race, class, ethnicity, family, religion, age, and/or national identity. The course also considers the effects of gender and sexuality in participative in the work force and politics, on language, and on artistic expression. In addition to reading a range of foundational feminist texts,材料 for analysis may be drawn from novels, films, the news, popular culture, and archival resources. Open to all students. Dist: SOC; WCult: CI.

Writing and Rhetoric:
The Institute for Writing and Rhetoric (RWIT)
The Institute for Writing and Rhetoric at Dartmouth College oversees first-year writing courses (Writing 2-3, Writing 5, and the First-year Seminars taught in departments and programs throughout the College); upper-level courses in Writing; courses in Speech; and student support services through RWIT (The Student Center for Research, Writing, and Information Technology). Dartmouth’s first-year writing courses prepare students to engage fully with their intellectual work in every discipline. In order to provide a solid foundation for that work, Dartmouth requires first-year students to take Writing 5 (or its two-term equivalent, Writing 2-3) and a First-year Seminar. Humanities 1-2 may be taken as another way of fulfilling the first-year writing requirement. For details, see www.dartmouth.edu/~humins1-2.

PLACEMENT PROCESS FOR WRITING 2-3 AND WRITING 5
In a separate mailing in early June, details and instructions regarding the online writing placement process are sent to invited students. This web-based process has been designed to allow students who might benefit from a two-term writing course to have their writing evaluated and to receive a recommendation about whether to take Writing 2-3 or Writing 5.

Students who did not receive an invitation by June 15 to complete the online writing placement process but feel that they would benefit from taking the Writing 2-3 course should contact the Institute for Writing and Rhetoric as soon as possible by email at: writing.two.three@.dartmouth.edu.

Students who complete the online writing placement process and choose to take Writing 2-3 will be preregistered for Writing 2 when they arrive on campus in the fall. Students who take the Writing 2-3 sequence take their First-year Seminar in the spring term.

Students who are not invited to participate in the online writing placement process will take Writing 5. Students taking Writing 5 are assigned to take the course in either the fall or the winter; this assignment cannot be changed. Information about when a student is scheduled to take Writing 5 appears in the online student placement record visible to students and their advisors just prior to fall course election. Students taking Writing 5 in the fall will register for Writing 5 when they register for their other fall courses. See our website for further information about placement and registration: http://dartmouth.edu/writing-speech/curriculum/placement-and-enrollment-policies.

TRANSFER CREDIT
Transfer students may request approval of transfer credit for Writing 5, upper-level writing courses, or speech courses based on courses taken at other colleges or universities before matriculation at Dartmouth. The deadline for all requests for credit is the end of the first term of study at Dartmouth.

SELECTED FALL TERM COURSES

WRITING (WRIT)

2-3. Composition and Research
This two-term course in first-year composition proceeds on the assumption that excellence in writing arises from serious intellectual engagement. Students engage in intensive study of literary and other works (including their own and each other's writing), with attention to substance, structure, and style. The primary goal of Writing 2 is for students to learn to write clearly and with authority. By submitting themselves to the rigorous process of writing, discussing, and rewriting their papers, students come to identify and then to master the essential properties of the academic argument. In Writing 3 students engage in the more sustained discourse of the research paper. These papers are not restricted to literary criticism but might employ the research protocols of other academic disciplines. Throughout the reading, writing, and research processes, students meet regularly with their tutors and instructors, who provide them with individual assistance.

Writing 2-3 is taken in place of Writing 5. Students must successfully complete both terms of Writing 2-3 and a First-year Seminar in order to fulfill the first-year writing requirement. Writing 2-3 does not serve in partial satisfaction of the Distributive Requirement.

5. Expository Writing
Founded upon the principle that thinking, reading, and writing are interdependent activities, Writing 5 is a writing-intensive course that uses texts from various disciplines to afford students the opportunity to develop and hone their abilities in expository argument. Instruction focuses on strategies for reading and analysis and on all stages of the writing process. Students actively participate in discussion of both the assigned readings and the writing produced in and by the class.

Students must successfully complete Writing 5 (or Writing 2-3) and a First-year Seminar in order to fulfill the first-year writing requirement. This course does not serve in partial satisfaction of the Distributive Requirement.

SPEECH (SPEE)

20. Public Speaking
This course covers the theory and practice of public speaking. Building on ancient rhetorical canons while recognizing unique challenges of contemporary public speaking, the course guides students through topic selection, organization, language, and delivery. Working independently and with peer groups, students will be actively involved in every step of the process of public speaking preparation and execution. Assignments include formal speeches (to inform, to persuade, and to pay tribute), brief extemporaneous speeches, speech analyses, and evaluations. No prerequisites. Limited enrollment. Dist: ART
The Health Professions Program (HPP) is Dartmouth’s four-year advising program that helps you navigate the rigorous path of academic, experiential, and personal growth while you explore and prepare for a health profession (medical, veterinary, dental, nursing, etc.). We offer one-on-one advising as well as group workshops and other opportunities. Please explore our website: www.dartmouth.edu/prehealth/.

Meet with your pre-health advisors as soon as possible after arriving and throughout your first year. Make sure to attend the important pre-health advising Orientation events and come in during Walk-In Hours or make an appointment with us. Your pre-health advisors will assist you with: course election; learning and study strategies; personalizing your D-Plan; determining your unique timing and choices; supporting self-assessment and self-reflection; experiences outside the classroom; and guiding you in the actual health profession school application process.

The pre-health journey is also experiential. Participate in Dartmouth’s local shadowing program with area physicians, vets, dentists, and nurses; receive guidance for finding undergraduate research and internship opportunities; and attend workshops that help you learn about the pre-health process and clarify your goals.

What is especially useful to know to get started?
There is not a “one size fits all” path! Everyone arrives with different math and science backgrounds and levels of clarity about their aspiration. Working with pre-health advisors and undergraduate deans will help you choose which classes to take first and when you should take them.

A strong foundation in algebra and at least some knowledge of calculus upon matriculating is very useful for pre-health prerequisite classes. We advise students with a pre-health aspiration to begin learning or to review this material over the summer even if you have already taken calculus. Get acquainted with, or review, your chemistry and biology concepts. There is great (free) material online at www.khanacademy.org/ or www.shodor.org/unchem/index.html. A summer community college class is another option, as are free courses on Coursera.

Prepare to engage new study and learning strategies; you can get great tips on study strategies from us, the Academic Skills Center, the Teaching Science Fellows, your peers, and your faculty.

Although there are different paths and timelines to consider, pre-health coursework takes planning, as you will see when you read through the requirements at the end of this section; please speak with a pre-health advisor as early as possible.

Does my major matter?
No. There is no “pre-health” major at Dartmouth; you are a Dartmouth liberal arts student. Medical schools care that you develop a love of learning, and depth of knowledge in your area of focus. Health Professions schools definitely value a strong interest and proficiency in the sciences, but Humanities, Sciences, and Social Sciences majors are all just as likely to be strong candidates for a health profession if they are otherwise qualified and successful in the science prerequisites. With planning and assistance, it can fit together. You will assess and adjust as you go. Your HPP advisors are here to support that journey.

When do people apply to a health professions school?
Eighty percent of students who apply to a medical, dental, or veterinary school from Dartmouth apply the summer they graduate—as they are graduating—or in their senior year. If you plan to attend medical school immediately after graduation, you will apply early summer at the end of junior year.

How do I gain new strategies for success in pre-health classes?
It is quite normal to need to develop effective new studying and learning strategies as you grow as a student. Your pre-health advisors, undergraduate deans, faculty, and the Academic Skills Center are here to assist!
We intentionally chose these questions and prompts to inspire you to reflect on your intentions, and prepare for the transition from high school and secondary school to Dartmouth.

Use this worksheet as a starting point and refer back to it often! Bring your EXPLORE, ENGAGE, EXCEL and the completed worksheet to meetings with your Undergraduate Dean, your Faculty Advisor, other mentors, and Deans Office Student Consultants (DOSCs).

The primary purpose of Local Placement Exams is to ensure that you are taking courses appropriate to your level of preparation. It is strongly recommended that you take them when there is a question of placement or if you are wondering where to begin with a particular academic sequence.

**LOCAL PLACEMENT EXAMS YOU PLAN TO TAKE DURING ORIENTATION:**

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**WHAT MAKES YOU UNCERTAIN ABOUT ACADEMIC SUCCESS?**

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**WHAT WILL HELP YOU SUCCEED ACADEMICALLY AT DARTMOUTH?**

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**USING THIS GUIDE, LIST THE COURSES THAT INTRIGUE YOU.**

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**WHEN THINKING ABOUT THE ADJUSTMENTS NEEDED** to transition from high school to college learning, it helps to consider what skills you bring with you, and the areas in which you might need additional support.

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BEGIN YOUR JOURNEY...
CONSIDER THESE THINGS WHEN CHOOSING COURSES FOR YOUR FIRST YEAR:

1) Take classes that EXPLORE academic interests (leave room for new, old, and unrealized opportunities of academic connection).

2) Distributive Requirements: We encourage you to choose distributive requirements with purpose and clear goals. We discourage you from choosing a class that just “checks off” a distributive requirement. These requirements are NOT intended to be completed in the first two years or prior to beginning a major.

3) First-year Writing Requirement: Be sure to allow space for these required courses during your first year. For details see pages four and five of this publication and https://writing-speech.dartmouth.edu/curriculum/placement-and-enrollment-policies.

4) The Language Requirement: When to start? Will you complete it using language course numbers 1-2-3? Are you thinking about finishing your language requirement with a Language Study Abroad program (LSA/LSA+)?

5) Pay attention to course sequencing and plan for prerequisite courses—especially for pre-health requirements, an off-campus program, or a potential major.

6) Remember: You don’t need to take a course just because you were placed into the course.

Make sure to consider co-curricular opportunities, classes, clubs, campus jobs, getting to know faculty, and skills to develop.

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POTENTIAL FIRST-YEAR COURSES

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New Student Orientation  
**SEPTEMBER 5-10**

Fall term classes begin  
**SEPTEMBER 11**

Fall term classes end  
**NOVEMBER 14**

Fall term examinations  
**NOVEMBER 17-22**

Residence halls close at noon  
**NOVEMBER 22**

Residence halls open  
**JANUARY 2**

Winter term classes begin  
**JANUARY 3**

Winter term classes end  
**MARCH 6**

Winter term examinations  
**MARCH 9-13**

Residence halls close at noon  
**MARCH 14**

Residence halls open  
**MARCH 24**

Spring term classes begin  
**MARCH 26**

Spring term examinations  
**MAY 4-5**

First-Year Family Weekend  
**MAY 26**

Spring term classes end  
**MAY 30**

Spring term examinations  
**JUNE 1-5**

Residence halls close at noon  
**JUNE 6**

**THIS BULLETIN HAS BEEN PREPARED FOR THE BENEFIT OF INCOMING STUDENTS.**

The officers of the College believe that the information contained herein is accurate as of the date of publication (June 2017).

However, Dartmouth College reserves the right to make from time to time such changes in its operations, programs, and activities as the trustees, faculty, and officers consider appropriate and in the best interests of the Dartmouth community.

This publication can be made available in alternative media. Contact the Undergraduate Deans Office (see below).

**UNDERGRADUATE DEANS OFFICE**
http://www.dartmouth.edu/~upperde/
Dean.of.Undergraduate.Students@Dartmouth.Edu
603-646-2243
Student Academic Support Services Center
Carson Hall, Suite 125, Hanover NH 03755

**PHOTOGRAPHS BY:**
Eli Burakian ’00
Robert Gill
Jacob Kupferman ’14
Joseph Mehling ’69

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