



## **CHRONOLOGY OF THE DARTMOUTH COLLEGE LIBRARY**

### **The Librarians of Dartmouth College:**

Bezaleel Woodward, 1773 - 1777  
John Smith, 1779 - 1809  
Roswell Shurtleff, 1810-1820  
John Aikin, 1820-1822  
Timothy Farrar, 1822-1826  
Charles Bricket Haddock, 1826-1850  
Oliver Payson Hubbard, 1851-1865  
Charles A. Aiken, 1865-1866  
Edwin David Sanborn, 1866-1874  
Louis Pollens, 1878-1886  
Marvin Davis Bisbee, 1886-1910  
Nathaniel Goodrich, 1911-1950  
Richard Morin, 1950-1968  
Edward Lathem, 1968 - 1978  
Margaret Otto, 1979 -2000  
Richard Lucier, 2001-

**1770** - Eleazar Wheelock brings his library to Hanover, mostly religious tracts, Bibles, and primers, approximately 300 volumes he had assembled, or received as donations from supporters in England and Scotland for his work in Moors Indian Charity School.

**1773** - The library is housed at Bezaleel Woodward's house, and he is appointed librarian.

**1774** - While visiting for Commencement, Jeremy Belknap records in his diary: "The College Library is kept at Mr. Woodward's. It is not large, but there are some very good books in it."

**1777** - The library is moved to a College building.

- 1779** - John Smith appointed librarian. Use of the library restricted to officers and students of the College, and resident graduates. The availability of the collection is limited: 1 - 2 p.m. on Monday and Tuesday.
- 1783** - Library relocated to President Wheelock's house.
- Society of Social Friends founded.
- 1786** - United Fraternity founded  
The two literary societies maintain their own libraries, volumes of more practical use than the College library, and with significantly more availability to undergraduate members. For many years, the literary societies' libraries would be the primary source of books for students and faculty alike.
- 1791** - Dartmouth Hall is completed. Middle room of the first floor set aside for the Library.
- 1802** - The collection numbers approximately 3,000 volumes, many of which are duplicates and of little practical use to the students and faculty. Library hours are very restricted: 1 hour per class every other week; no more than 5 students could be in the library at one time; and no one was permitted to take a book down from the shelves without permission of the librarian. Use fee of \$1.50 per year assessed from each student, one quarter of which went to the librarian. Circulation is limited to one volume at a time for freshmen, two for sophomores and juniors, and three for seniors.
- 1809** - The first printed catalog of the Dartmouth College library is issued.
- 1817** - During the difficulties between the State of New Hampshire and the College, the literary societies decide to move their libraries, each numbering about 2,000 volumes, from their location in a building held by Dartmouth University, to rooms under the Societies control. In attempting to seize the books before they could be removed, officers and agents of the University break into the Society library and are set upon by a group of students defending their property. The University forces realized they are outnumbered and withdraw. Both sides press charges, students and University faculty are arrested, but an agreement is reached before the matter comes to trial. Rufus Choate was among the students involved in the riot.
- 1840** - Reed Hall completed and the library is moved there.
- 1852** - George Shattuck gives \$2,000 and Roswell Shurtleff gives \$1,000 for the acquisition of books for the College library, both with the stipulation that no undergraduate be allowed to withdraw books purchased from the funds.

- 1859** - In the Librarian's report to the President, Oliver Hubbard states that the library has been closed to students all term, except on special order of a professor. Hubbard believed that giving free access to undergraduates is unworkable. He recommends keeping the library closed for another term in order that the Librarian might be undisturbed to classify recent acquisitions.
- 1860** - The College Library holds approximately 15,000 volumes (the combined libraries of the Societies, Medical School, and the College Library is about 35,000).
- 1864** - The library is open one and a half hours a day; funding for a newspapers and periodical room is approved by the Trustees.
- 1870** - Librarian Edwin Sanborn notes that the library contains no books on American literature; nothing illustrative of College history, and states that it is high time something be done to rescue the history of the College from oblivion. He recommends an annual appropriation of \$1,000 for the purchase of books.
- 1874** - The literary societies agree to combine their libraries with the College library under one administrative head. In return, the Trustees approve the appointment of a full-time librarian; library hours are to be several hours a day; a certain amount of money to be set aside for purchase of books in part selected by the undergraduates; a uniform library use fee (\$6.00) to be collected from all students to constitute a fund for maintaining the reading room. This agreement remained in place until 1904 when the societies disbanded and full title to their libraries transferred to the College.
- 1877** - The combined libraries number 54,600 volumes.
- 1885** - Wilson Hall is completed, the first building on campus constructed specifically to house the College Library and large enough to accommodate 150,000 volumes; the collection stands at 60,000 volumes. The cost is \$67,000. The shelving arrives barely in time for the Commencement opening, so the student body moves the library's holding in 3 days.
- 1911**- Due to a number of gifts during the latter part of the 19th century and the first part of the 20th, the Library has an endowment of \$100,000.
- 1920's** - Rival institutions joke that Dartmouth is the only college among its peers that has a larger gymnasium than it does a library. However, by the end of the 1920's, with major gifts from donors (George Baker and Edwin W. Sanborn), Dartmouth in 1928 has one of the best-endowed and well-housed research libraries in the country.

- 1928** - Baker Library opens. Designed by Jens Frederick Larson, the building is funded by a gift of George Fisher Baker and named in memory of his uncle, Fisher Ames Baker, Class of 1859. The collection numbers 240,000 bound volumes; the building will accommodate 500,000 volumes. The move from Wilson Hall, and from storage in the basement of New Hampshire Hall, is accomplished at the rate of 15,000 volumes per day.
- 1929** - Sanborn House (housing the English Dept. and its library) and Carpenter Hall (housing the Art Dept. and its library) are completed.
- 1932-33** - Jose Orozco paints murals in the Reserve Reading Room of Baker Library.
- 1938** - Friends of the Dartmouth College Library is established. Their purpose is the acquisition of rare single volumes or collections, manuscripts, etc. anything outside the normal collection scheme for general library funds.
- 1941** - Thirteen years after its completion, Baker is expanded with a four-story stack annex. Additional capacity is nearly 500,000 volumes.
- 1953** - Library holdings stand at 700,000 volumes.
- 1957** - East courtyard of Baker is filled to house the bindery and cataloging departments.
- 1958** - West courtyard of Baker is filled in for Archives and Rare Book stacks.
- 1961** - Cook Mathematics Library opens.
- 1962** - Paddock Music Library opens (It is expanded in 1986).
- 1963** - Dana Biomedical Library is opened.
- 1970** - The Dartmouth College Library ceremonially adds its 1 millionth volume to the collection: *The Tenth Muse*, by Anne Bradstreet. Northwest courtyard between Baker and Carpenter Hall is filled in for the Art Library, renamed the Sherman Art Library, and a workroom for Special Collections.
- 1973** - Kresge Physical Science Library opens.
- 1974** - Feldberg Library (business and engineering) opens, combining the Thayer and Tuck libraries under one roof in the new Murdough Center.
- 1979** - Dartmouth College Library becomes a member of the Research Libraries Group
- 1986** - The Dartmouth Community for Divestment occupies Baker tower.

**1992** - John Berry and the Baker family give \$30 million for a new library adjoining Baker.

Matthews-Fuller Health Sciences Library opens at the new Dartmouth Hitchcock Medical Center.

**1994** - The Library celebrates its 2 millionth acquisition, The Sine Collection of British Illustrated Books. It takes the Library 200 years to achieve its first million volumes, and a mere 24 years to double the collection.

**1998** - Rauner Special Collections Library opens in the newly renovated Webster Hall.

**2000**- Berry Library opens.

**Special Collections is open 8 - 4:30, Monday - Friday**  
**(603) 646-2037**  
**<http://www.dartmouth.edu/~speccoll/>**

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Rev 1/01 BLK/AMO